# THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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## Message From His Honor, the Burgess.

*To the Common Council of the Borough of Emporium, Pa.*

GENTLEMEN:—

As you will doubtless be called upon, more or less frequently during the coming year, for action of various kinds, relating to our Municipal Electric Lighting plant I assume that a brief resume of the work of the past year may prove of service.

OUR ELECTRIC LIGHTING PLANT.

After a few weeks of friendly controversy in the local press a vote was taken at our borough election held in February 1901, on the proposition to bond the borough $7,000 for the construction of an electric lighting plant to furnish street lights and incandescents. The proposition carried by a majority of nearly four to one, and Council of 1901 at their first meeting in March appointed a committee to take immediate action on the subject. This committee was composed of Messrs. Catlin, Balcom and Murry, and was requested to act with the Burgess. The committee selected Mr. J. C. Vail a well known Electrical Engineer of Philadelphia, to prepare plans and specifications. Mr. Vail looked over the ground personally about the middle of March, and, at once prepared plans and specifications which were accepted by committee and by Council at regular meeting in April, and bids advertised for in the PRESS and Independent of Emporium, and the Engineering Record, of New York City. Bids were opened April 30th. The lowest bid was $6,759.00, but the bidders were unable to show that the engine they proposed to put in would fulfill therequirements of the specifications, nor could they refer to a single instance in which their engine had been used for electric light work. Next bids were $6,849, and $6,949, both by Geo. Metzger, Jr., of Emporium; from Olean came a bid of $7,480; Philadelphia, $7,612; Philadelphia, $7,892; Philadelphia, $8,132; Newburg, N. Y., $8,507; Williamsport, $8,760; Pittsburg, $8,807. About this time Mr. S. S. Hacket, was appointed to Council and also placed on the light committee to fill a vacancy caused by Councilman Murry's change of residence. The contract was finally awarded to Geo. Metzger, Jr., at his bid of $6,849, for complete plant except power house and connections. Mr. Metzger's bond in the sum of $2,000 was accepted and contract legally closed May 13th. Owing to unavoidable delays in shipment of engine and other apparatus the contractor did not pronounce his work finished until September 28th, and same was finally accepted by the borough Oct. 28, 1901, after an inspection by engineer Vail, of Philadelphia, who pronounced all the apparatus to be first-class and as required by the specifications. The line work has stood the high winds and storms of the past six months without a break or a cent's worth of repairs and may fairly be considered to be properly constructed.

COST OF PLANT.

The contractor received $6,767.00. Expense and bills on account of Electrical Engineer for plans and specifications, blue prints, inspection and etc., also bills for lumber and labor on power house, gas, water and sewer connections, etc, were $785.00 to which should be added $129.61 for pipes, plumbing, labor and apparatus which though purchased since the borough accepted the plant, are really a part of construction expenses, making the entire cost of plant complete $7,681.61.

OPERATING EXPENSES.

Operating expenses for October, November, December, January less above items charged to construction, $432.74. Included in this, however, is $54.50 insurance for full year and payments for oil and carbons istill on hand. We find that the overcharge on these four months for supplies bought and on hand but not yet used is $21.00 and insurance for eight months to come is $36 33, reducing actual running expense for the four months to $375.74. Expenses for February including insurance $4 54, is $81 89, expense for March $93.08, making a total of 558.91 for six month or $93.12 per month for 31 arcs, or about $36.00 per year per arc To this should be added $280.00 per year interest on bonds, bringing the cost to the borough of a single arc to $45 00 per year.

According to the guarantee given by the manufacturers of our apparatus, we have sufficient surplus power to furnish private lighting to the amount of $900.00 per year. I fully agree, however, with your lighting committee in its conclusion to defer further action regarding inside lighting till the engine bed in the power house is reinforced.

WEAK FOUNDATION.

The fact that the engine bed shows signs of weakness is very much to be regretted, but I fail to find that council or the contractor can be blamed in any way for this condition. The size of the foundation and the construction of it are in every respect equal, and in the matter of the cement employed, better than the requirements furnished by the engine builders who probably lost sight of the fact that the foundation would stand in water whenever water in the branch was high, although their attention was drawn to this several times. I have recently learned that the same thing occurred when a new steam engine was put in at the Iron Works here about two years ago. The foundation was built on precisely the same level as related to the creek, and it was built according to specifications, but after a few weeks use it began to shake so that its reinforcement became necessary. This was accomplished by surrounding the foundation on all sides with a stone wall 18 inches thick, about four or five feet from the foundation. This space was then filled with slag or cinder and flooded with cement. Since this time, about two years ago, the foundation has remained perfectly solid.

I would suggest, Gentlemen, that your committee investigate this case, and if practicable adopt a similar plan, as if this should prove efficient and economical it would certainly be very convenient as not interfering with the continuous service of the plant.

The engine and generator are represented and guaranteed by their respective manufacturers to furnish a certain amount of power, and it will at once occur to you that it is very important that, at once onour reinforcement of the foundation, inside lights be put on sufficient to test the full capacity of the plant before the expiration of the guarantees.

STREET DEPARTMENT.

I wish to congratulate you gentlemen on the good work done by your street commissioner during the past year, and especially on the efficiency of his department during the winter. I am convinced that there are very few if any towns in the state of any size where the sidewalks were kept in better condition so far as snow and ice is concerned than they were right here in Emporium. As usual, in the spring there are a large number of wooden sidewalks that need immediate attention, but your street commissioner will no doubt give you full particulars regarding these.

FOURTH STREET.

I wish to call your attention to the condition of Fourth street. For years repairs have been made by dumping cinders and dirt in the street, and the center of the road has been gradually rising till in many places it is higher than the sidewalks. This is very noticeable in the square between Broad and Chestnut streets, and is particularly to be deplored at this point, as the brick business blocks in this square cannot be raised to keep pace with the upward movement of the road.

GRADING AND REPAIRS.

In this connection gentlemen I would most earnestly recommend that a definite grade line be at once established from the upper end of Fourth street, to the railroad crossing at the Junction, and that hereafter when repairs are made they be made by cutting down the high points and filling in the low ones till the roadway conforms to one regular grade from end to end.

We have right here in the Borough, at the furnace, and free of charge, some of the finest road making material in the world. I refer of course to the slag or cinder from the iron works, and it seems to me that this ought to be utilized while we have the opportunity.

Dumping cinder here and there on top of the street, however, is of very trifling temporary benefit. The road should be excavated where necessary and filled in with 10 to 12 inches of cinder, coarse on the bottom and fine on top, and then rolled with a heavy steam roller. The fine cream colored granular cinder, which may be obtained at the furnace at bare cost of granulating it, would make an ideal top dressing for the heavy cinder and give us a roadway equal to any paved street in existence. I am of the opinion, however, that the granular cinder by itself is of no use for road making unless placed on a solid foundation.

If you can see your way clear to begin work at either end or in the middle on some such plan as this, while we may not be able to finish it this year and perhaps not even next year, there will be some prospect of eventually having at least one street that we may be proud of. I hope, gentlemen, that you will agree with me that all patching and repairing on Fourth street and West Allegany avenue ought to stop and every cent of money hereafter expended on this line of roadway should be devoted to permanent improvement.

BICYCLE SIDE PATH.

Dr. Baker and Mr. Hockley have already secured subscriptions sufficient to warrant them in commencing the construction of this work as soon as the weather will permit. It has been stated, that we would not have the authority to protect a bicycle path from being encroached upon and damaged by horses and vehicles that are by law entitled to the road-way. This is a mistake however as a special act, applying to Emporium only, was passed by the State legislature in 1871, and signed by Governor Geary, which act reserves fifteen feet on each side of 80 foot streets and eleven feet on each side of all streets between sixty and eighty feet in width, this reserved strip is not a part of the road-way and cannot be legally encroached upon by horses and carriages which have no more rights thereon than bicycles have on the sidewalks. It is patent, therefore, that if the bicycle path is built on this reserved strip the Burgess will have ample legal authority to protect the path. In conclusion, gentlemen, I wish to congratulate you most heartily on your selection of officers for the coming year.

Yours respectfully,
E. O. BARDWELL,
Burgess.

Emporium, Pa., April 7th, 1902.

## To the School Directors of Cameron County.

Gentlemen:—In pursuance of the forty-third section of the act of May 8, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in convention, at the court house, in Emporium on the first Tuesday in May, A. D. 1902, being the 6th day of the month, and select, *viva voce*, by a majority of the whole number of directors present, one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as county superintendent, for the three succeeding years, and certify the result to the State Superintendent, at Harrisburg, as required by the thirty-ninth and fortieth sections of said act.

MATTIE M. COLLINS,
County Superintendent of Cameron County.

April 4th, 1902.—7-4t.

## Letter From Prof. Coleman.

The editor of the PRESS is in receipt of a personal letter from Prof. J. J. Coleman, formerly of Driftwood, who is engaged in educational work in the Philippines. Mr. Coleman enlisted with Uncle Sam and remained there afterwards.

## Who Will Erect Houses.

The growing and daily demand for dwelling houses in Emporium, with none vacant, is a great disappointment to persons who locate in Emporium. Why do not some of our citizens, with means and plenty of land, erect some comfortable homes that will rent at reasonable rates? Don't all start at once.

## A Mark of Appreciation.

A former very prominent resident of Emporium, having removed to Buffalo and taken sick there, after unsuccessfully doctoring with Buffalo physicians for a time, sent to her former family physician, Dr. R P. Heilman, for treatment. After a few days' use of remedies sent, reports come back of great improvement and were accompanied with profuse thanks and a double fee.

## Baptist Church Notes.

Preaching morning and evening by the pastor. Morning subject. "Two plus two equals four." Evening topic, "Parrots." Bible school at the close of morning worship. C. E. Crandell superintendent. Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30. B. Olmsted Pres. Prayer and praise meeting Wednesday evening 7:30. All welcome. Don't miss the Peoples Popular Happy Hour Service Sunday evening 7:30 to 8:30. 28th Benedictory song service.

## Distinguished Visitors.

Last Friday a number of prominent tanners, interested in West Virginia, visited Emporium and met many of our citizens. The party was comprised of Charles Gleason, Boston; Wm. F. Mosser, Westover, Pa.; Chas. Irvin, Big Run, Pa.; I. W. Gleason, Gleasonton, Pa.; and L. W. Gleason, Driftwood, Pa. The party, who were in charge of Mr. W. M. Lawler, of Emporium, had returned from visiting the tanneries in this section of the State. They left on mail east to visit at Driftwood and Gleasonton.

## Buffalo Trade Excursion.

Last Monday about seventy-five of Buffalo's business men started on their annual trade excursion to be absent one week. The train arrived at Emporium at 4:30 p. m., and was met at the junction by the Burgess and several of our citizens, who accompanied the excursionists to Broad street Station, where a large number of our business and professional men met and commingled with the gentlemen until 5:10, when the train departed for Williamsport, where they remained over night A delegation of Williamsport board of trade members met the excursionists at Emporium and accompanied them to the Saw Dust City. They were a jolly party and met many customers, as well as friends. Reporters accompanied the party, representing all the Buffalo papers. We had the pleasure of meeting Richmond C. Hill, of the Times, and F. E. Davis of News.

## The Close of the Star Course.

With the Copley Square Trio of Boston the People's Star Course of the Season of 1901-1902, formally closed. The entertainments furnished from time to time have been uniformly of a high order of excellence and have represented not only much hard work on the part of the committee, but a large out-lay of money, as only the best attractions in the Lyceum field have been listed. We believe there is a general desire that the enterprise, so successfully operated for the last two seasons, should be continued and made permanent.

It is not unlikely that an effort will be made at the proper time, to enlist the co-operation of our citizens in the furtherance of this end. Of the Copley Trio itself only words of praise may be said. It combines elements of musical variety and novelty, beyound anything previously presented and includes only artists of decided merit. Miss Blanche Sears is a pleasing violinist and captivated her auditors with her masterful interpretations of classic and standard compositions; Miss M. Isola Sears excells as a pianist, having a finished touch and is equally at home with the guitar and xylophone; Miss Marion Whitaker's skillful manipulation of the sleigh bells and xylophone was a highly appreciated feature, as her frequent recalls indicated, while her whistling solos won instant and emphatic favor. In fact the entire entertainment was worthy of the occasion and of the artists giving it.

## Letters from the People.

[All communications under this head must be accompanied by the writer's name. We will not be held responsible for any expression in this department.]—EDITOR.

### "Patron" is After Somebody. Who?

*Editor Press:—*

The Mothers' Meeting, organized for the good of our schools was so taken up discussing the "curfew" law last Friday that the following questions were considerded of not enough importance to act upon, but were put over until the meeting in September. As they are of great importance to the majority of patrons of our schools, I send them to you for publication that those in authority may answer if they choose.

1.—Would it not be well for our directors to demand the resignation of each teacher employed, as a safe guard against incompetency?

2.—In your opinion are not the directors guilty for continuing in office a lax instructor, whom they know to be deficient?

3.—Teachers in the lower grades complain of over crowding of pupils, each room averaging 40. Why is twelve a large number for the graduating class?

4.—Is brutality one of the requisites of a successful teacher in our schools?

5.—Why is writing in all its detail not carried along with the pupils beyond the first grade?

6.—Why will teachers, who are pressed for time, spend half of their time ranting on the terrible punishment they will inflict on their scholars at the close of school, if they do this or don't do that?

7.—Why are our boys leaving school in their Grammar and Freshman year?

A PATRON.

The above article, coming as it does from a patron of the schools, and a taxpayer, we deem it our duty to publish the same, yet in no matter endorsing the sentiments contained therein. School directors, and especially teachers, have a hard road to hoe. The charges above, or rather insinuations, are questions that will no doubt be answered by the directors or faculty. As far as our teachers are concerned we believe they have given excellent satisfaction. All scholars are not angels—far from it—and living, as the writer does, too close, for comfort, to the high school building, we are of the opinion that had we to live in the same building some of the little scamps, and more of the larger ones, would get a good sound thrashing three times a day; we would adjourn the mothers' meetings and send the members home to keep their children from off the streets.

## George Easterbrooks Seriously Injured.

Last Saturday evening, Geo. Easterbrooks, employed as conductor on Emporium & R.V.R.R. met with a terrible accident, while discharging his duties. His train was crossing the mountain from W. D. Johnson's North Creek shingle mill to C. B. Howard Company's property, when a truck under a car, loaded with shingles, broke down. The trainmen attempted to take a truck from under an empty car to replace the broken one under the loaded car. They jacked up the empty car took the truck out and then began blocking up the car so as to usu the jacks under the car. While doing the blocking the car swung sidewise overbalancing the jacks and then fell. Easterbrooks was caught under the car. His head was caught on the side by the end of a tie and all the tissues on the right side of head including his ear were torn loose from a line about one inch back of the eye extending from the top of his forehead down unto his neck and torn loose back as far as the back of his head and cutting off the temporal artery from which there was a great loss of blood. There was another cut about four inches long over left forehead extending from just above eyebrow to top of head, and one about three inches long on the left side of back of head. The head of the right shoulder blade was also broken and one finger on right hand badly lacerated.

While he was held fast under the car he had presence of mind enough to direct the whole work of his release. He was brought to Emporium on the engine and taken to his home. Dr. Heilman was summoned and after learning the extent of his injnries summoned Dr. Smith to administer chloroform while the wounds were being dressed. The wounds were carefully cleansed and dressed, and the shoulder put in position to heal. It was deemed advisable to take him to Williamsport Hospital for the after-treatment, which was accordingly done. Dr. Heilman accompanied him and left him the next morning resting comparatively easy. The indications are favorable for his recovery.

## Eye Specialist.

Prof. W. H. Budine, the well known Eye Specialist, of Binghamton, N. Y., will be at R. H. Hirsch's jewelry store, Emporium, April 11th and 12th. Eyes tested and examined free. All work guaranteed. If you have weak eyes or headache don't fail to call and see Prof. Budine, as he makes a speciality of correcting all such cases. Lenses ground to fit all kinds of peculiar sight. 5-2t.

Capt. L. S. Hay, one of DuBois' prominent citizens, is dead.

## Street Paving.

Mr. Josiah Howard, our wealthiest, as well as most public spirited citizen, made a proposition to the Borough Council, of which he is a member, at the regular meeting last Monday evening looking to the paving of Fourth street from the Climax office to Chestnut street. Mr. Howard declared his willingness to donate one-third of the cost (about $2,000) provided the people would contribute the other two-thirds, either by donation or from Borough funds.

Our tax-payers are sick and tired of being taxed to keep up mud roads. Let street paving, cinder roads or something besides mud be used. Let not another dollar be expended for mud holes. Make good streets if it be only one block at a time.

Mr. Howard is the heaviest taxpayer in the county, has made his money here, and, probably expects to reside among us for years to come and work for the upbuilding of his home-town and county. His broad ideas of public improvements may seem too much for some of our citizens, but they should remember that no town improves in importance unless the people are progressive and manifest the true spirit of go-aheadativeness, that attracts the attention of the seeker for homes, the promoter of industries and the manufacturer. To make our county what it should be we all must be more progressive, energetic and wide-awake. Would that Emporium had a dozen Josiah Howard's.

## Ancient History.

The Smethport Miner is publishing "Ancient History" from its files of 1858. At that date Shippen township, this county, was then a part of McKean county. The mercantile appraisement for that year shows only four business firms in Shippen, viz: L. T. More, Eli Felt, Z. L. Hubbard, B. Earl.

## Soldiers Monument.

It is urgently requested that all persons interested in the effort to erect a soldiers monument shall meet at the office of M. M. Larrabee next Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

J. F. PARSONS, President.
A. CHAPMAN, Sec'y.

## Thanks.

EDITOR PRESS:—Please extend our thanks to those kind friends and neighbors for their sympathy and kindness to us during our sad bereavement in the death of our daughter BESSIE.

MR. and MRS. ALBERT MURRY and FAMILY.

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*Editor Press:—*

We desire to extend our heartfelt thanks to our kind friends and neighbors, who assisted us during the illness and after the death of our husband and father. Also the Ladies of Gladioli Hive, Tent No. 4, K. O. T. M., of Bradford, Pa., and Mayor P. C. Foley, of Olean, who sent the beautiful flowers.

MRS. S. FAUCETT AND FAMILY.

## DEATH'S DOINGS.

MURRY.

BESSIE, aged two years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Murry, died Saturday evening after a few days illness with pneumonia. It was a bright little child for one of its years and will be sadly missed by the family. The funeral was held from the home on Seventh street, Monday at two o'clock. Rev. O. S. Metzler officiated and spoke words of consolation to the bereaved family.

## Democratic Committee Meets.

The Democratic County Committee met at City Hotel yesterday and elected Dr. S. S. Smith delegate to State Convention and endorsed Dr. S. S. Smith for State Senator, with power to choose his own conferees. J. F. Parsons, C. W. Shaffer, Emporium, and W. R. Chatham, of Driftwood, were elected Congressional conferees.

## Hello! Press.

The PRESS establishment is now connected with the local telephone line as well as long distance 'phone. Our patrons are requested to call us up at any time, send us news or leave orders. Please bear this in mind.

Having decided to continue the business of the late D. E. Olmsted, I hope by strict, careful and courteous attention to all to merit a share of the patronage we have had since our residence in Emporium.

THOMAS TROTTER.

Next door to the Emporium Furniture Company.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
**FRIDAY**, Fair.
**SATURDAY**, Rain.
**SUNDAY**, Fair.

## LOCAL NOTICES.

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE on easy terms, a dwelling house on east Sixth street. Apply to W. J. Hughes.

In most cases, pay me the same price for border that you did last year and I will throw the paper in. L. Taggart.

Zinc and Grinding Make
Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand. Murry & Coppersmith sell our paint. tf

Never has there been such a variety of paints, oils, varnishes, enamels and varnish stains brought to town as you will find at Taggart's.

SHAW'S PURE MALT—Is free from adulteration, drugs, crude spirits and other harmful ingredients. Absolutely pure.

Sold By
36-47-ly F. X. BLUMLE.

Tapestry curtains and lace curtains. A fine new line just received. Can't be beat for quality and prices. Call and have a look. GEO. J. LABAR.

The man who speaks his mind to your face is the man to trust. Buy your wall paper at Taggart's, who sells you border for about the same price as the paper.

PASTURE:—I have good pasture on Big Run for about 100 head of cattle Apply to,
MRS AMANDA R. NYHART
Beechwood, Pa. 4-4t.

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets! A finer line of carpet than ever, now on tap at LaBar's. Will meet all competion and go one better. Costs you nothing to call and see them. Come one come all.
GEO. J. LABAR.

A fine selection of ladies trimmed hats just received from New York city. Children's hats at 15c and upwards. Children's summer underwear, regular price 15c and 20c, reduced to 5c and 10c.

MRS. E. O. BARDWELL.

WANTED—Cabinetmakers and wood finishers. Steady employment at good wages. None but those who have learned the trade desired. If you are competent come right on, we will pay railroad fares. No strike. W. M. Powell, 203 N. Water St., Rochester, N. Y. 6-2t

## Can Recover the Claims.

HARRISBURG, April 3.—Attorney General Elkin to-day gave as his legal opinion that under the act of 1887, relating to the assignment of claims, if the West Virginia Claim agency presses the writs or the attachment of wages against railroaders, and compels the railroad companies to pay the debt, the railroaders may proceed against the merchants or other creditors making assignments of these claims, and under the law, recover from them as a penalty the full amount of debt, interest and costs so collected.

Some time ago B. Frank Snavely, C. A. Johnston and other employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, wishing to ascertain what legal right the West Virginia Collection agency had to hold up the wages of railroad employes in this city, Altoona and other points along the Pennsylvania line, for debt, sent a letter to Attorney General Elkin stating the case and asking his opinion on the subject.

Mr. Elkin concludes his opinion as follows:

"This whole system of making collections is vicious, savors of sharp practice, and should not be encouraged. It seems to me that, when our merchants and other creditors fully understand the true characters of the suits instituted and the penalty which they must pay in case suits are pressed against them, they will refrain from making assignments of claims for this purpose."

## Positive Proof

The following houses have been painted from seven to twelve years with my paints, (the Champion paints) viz: L. Taggart's, D. W. Felt's, Mrs. J. C. Metzger's, Joshua Bair's, N. Seger's, Sam'l McDonald's, J. P. McNarney's and many others. The county jail and R. P. Heilman's house have been painted two years. I ask you in all fairness, and in justice to myself, to carefully examine these houses. Let no man prejudice you against my paints. I can assure you without truthful contradiction, that there is not a man in our town or county, who has any knowledge whatever, as to the quality of paints, only as he or they have learned from their use, and I defy any person in town to give you such proof as to quality of their paints, as I have. My paints are guaranteed.

Yours truly,
L. TAGGART.

That Beautiful Gloss
Comes from the varnish in Devoe's Varnish Floor Paint; costs 5 cents more a quart though. Sold by Murry & Coppersmith. A

# CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

**Published Every Thursday.**

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.


The youthful-looking Representative Lessler, of New York, will no longer be mistaken by members of congress for one of the pages of the house. Each of the latter now wears a big button on which the word "Page" is printed.

The Prussian budget for 1902 includes appropriations of 20,000 marks for further study of, means of prevention and early diagnosis of typhoid fever, 10,000 marks to the committee for cancer research and 53,000 for a cancer hospital and laboratory.

There is no fitting monument on the grave of Salmon P. Chase, in Cincinnati, O., only a simple stone bearing an inscription of four lines and reciting that he was "Senator, Governor, Secretary of the Treasury, Chief Justice of the United States." His daughter, who idolized him, rests beside him.

There are now about 150 vacancies in the grade of ensign in the navy, which number will be reduced by about 40 when the senior class of the naval academy graduates in June. It will take probably four or five years to fill up all the vacancies under the present arrangement, by which the number of cadets can be increased.

The youngest governor in the Union is the newly inaugurated governor of the state of Washington, William McCroskey, aged 28, who recently succeeded ex-Governor Rogers. Mr. McCroskey, who is a native of Tennessee, is a son of the Rev. Solon McCroskey, a Methodist clergyman. He was graduated at Grant university at Athens.

M. Hamard, the French sculptor, has just completed at Paris the model of the statue of Marshal Rochambeau, to be presented to the city of Washington as a companion to the statue of Lafayette. The work of casting the bronze will begin this week, and it is hoped that the finished statue will be ready to send to the United States next April.

Casualty lists from South Africa have reported so many accidental woundings, some of theme fatal, as to give rise even in England to the idea that there must be many men entrusted with arms who do not know how to use them and unwittingly injure themselves or their comrades. As many as four or five cases of this sort have been reported in one despatch.

Princess Irene enjoys the distinction of being the only princess of the blood and lady of a reigning house of Europe who has ever visited China. When Prince Henry was in command of the German naval forces in the China seas she went out, via the Suez canal, to join him, and remained with him three or four months, traveling to and fro by ordinary passenger steamers.

At 5 years of age boys are mainly taller than girls, but the girls appear to equal them at the seventh year, and continue thus up to and including the ninth year, after which the boys rise again above the girls for two years. At about 12 years the girls suddenly become taller than the boys, continuing until the 15th year, when the boys finally regain their superiority of stature.

Wordsworth's "An Evening Walk," original edition of 1793, brought $320 at a recent London book sale. His "Descriptive Sketches in Verse," 1793, brought $330, and "Poems," 1803, in two volumes, $110. Coleridge's "Poems," Bristol, 1797, was sold for $70; Walter Savage Landor's "Simonides," Bath, 1807, for $95, and Gray's "Odes," from Horace Walpole's Strawberry Hill Press, 1757, $200.

The playing of billiards by students has been prohibited by the State Agricultural college of Oregon. The action was by resolution of the faculty and makes suspension the penalty of violation of the rule. In making the announcement in chapel President Gatch said an examination of the college records showed that 80 per cent. of the failures in class work were by students who frequented billiard halls.

According to the chief of the bureau of chemistry, "fancy jellies of all sorts are now made from cores and parings of apples; the by-products of jelly making are sent to Europe to be turned into champagne; colored jams and jellies yield excellent dyes for coloring textile fabrics, and a fine 'Ohio wine' is made from coal tar dye, glucose and alcohol, without recourse to any product of the vine."

## BRYAN STILL ON DECK.

**There Is a Large and Potent Element of the Democracy Sticking to Him.**

Mr. Bryan's recent visit to Washington has set a great many persons guessing. Perhaps the most philosophical consideration of the matter, taking into view Mr. Bryan's relations to the active forces of his party, is that made by the Washington Star. It notes two suggestive things in connection with the visit of the late candidate. One of them was that of his reception on the senate side of the capitol was less cordial than on the house side, and the other that the younger men of the party are the ones who seek him out. The Star adds that Mr. Bryan was never a favorite with the democratic members of the senate. His prominence upset too many senatorial hopes and interfered with the old system which lodged the control of the party in the hands of a comparatively few veterans. The Star adds:

"Mr. Bryan has from the outset been the choice of the younger men of the party. They 'whooped it up' for him at Chicago at the time of his first nomination. A young man himself, handsome, confident and eloquent, he appealed to them strongly. It tickled them greatly to see him elbow his way to the front and displace veterans like Bland and Boies and Blackburn, and when he did so they seized the standards in the convention hall and formed that marching procession of howling enthusiasts whose demonstration made the nomination. And the young men of the party are still very proud of their young leader. They cling to him even in defeat, and neglect no opportunity to testify to their admiration and devotion.

"We see, then, in this the difficulty under which the democratic party at present labors. The older members are anti-Bryan. They have supported him twice, but they see his shortcomings as a leader and are not patient under a proposition to try him again. Time is a great element in their calculations. If they are to witness the return of their party to power it must be soon. The younger men are not disturbed by this consideration. They, too, want to win, but when Mr. Bryan says that the party can afford to wait for success and must meanwhile stick to principles they harken to a man of grit and character. Still, if success is to be achieved the older men and the younger men must get together, and under Mr. Bryan or somebody else work like the nation with but one end in view. A party divided against itself cannot win."

Mr. Bryan himself probably knows the situation as well as anyone, says the Troy Times. He understands that his strength is with the young, the emotional and the ardent but largely undisciplined element of his party—the element which is not discouraged by defeat, because that serves to give him a romantic and sympathetic interest in such eyes. It is harder to bring this element into the traces of stern party rule—the rule which recognizes the fact that to succeed there must be concession, sacrifice of personal preferences and unison in essentials in order to win success—than any other with which political management has to deal.

That element of the democratic party—a large and potent one—is still solidly with Mr. Bryan, if appearances go for anything. And he also has his grasp on the party machinery. If the older democratic heads in the country at large and the grave and reverend seniors of that party in the senate think Mr. Bryan has passed so completely that he is no longer to be reckoned with in computing chances they are making what appears to be a gigantic mistake.

## HARD TIMES THRIVERS.

**It Is Only When the Country Suffers from Adversity That Democrats Are Happy.**

The democrats of the senate have prepared a report giving the reasons why they are opposed to the passage of the ship subsidy bill. As a matter of course they attack the bill on the ground that it is "wrong, unjust, vicious, and pure class legislation." That was to have been expected. The democrats always denounce proposed republican legislation in that way. The Dingley tariff bill was so denounced, yet it has brought unexampled prosperity to the country. The bill to establish the gold standard was so denounced, yet it has restored business confidence. In fact, the republicans have proposed nothing in the way of national legislation within the past 40 years that has not been opposed by the democrats on the ground of viciousness and class favoritism.

For that reason little attention will be paid to the democratic protest against the passage of the ship subsidy bill. Regardless of the merits of this measure, it may be said that the democrats are always ready to denounce any legislation, says the Cleveland Leader, because they can always prove that prosperity will afford an opportunity for the people to make money, and thus defeat the party of calamity at the polls. It is only when the country is suffering from adversity that the democrats are happy. When mills are idle and men are walking the streets there is little chance to array class against class. The surest proof that the people do not trust the democrats or pay lasting attention to their appeals to class prejudice is found in the fact that whenever there are hard times the voters always turn to the republicans to restore prosperity, and they are never disappointed.

The ship subsidy bill may not pass, but if it does its failure will not be due to the opposition of the democrats who attack it as "wrong, unjust, vicious, and pure class legislation."

☞W. J. Bryan has written an article reading Grover Cleveland out of the democratic party, at the same time declaring him a political traitor, a trickster and a back number. Recently, it appears, Mr. Cleveland wrote a letter to a southern admirer in which he expressed his gratification that the party "has shaken off the dreams that have afflicted it." The article is Mr. Bryan's answer.—Chicago Tribune.

## SHOWING THEIR GUILT.

**Democrats Greatly Exercised Over the Proposed Southern Investigation.**

The spasms of the democratic congressmen and newspapers over the republicans' purpose to investigate the suppression of the negro vote in the southern states are a confession of guilt. All that the Crumpacker measure, which the republicans of the house intend to pass, asks for is the appointment of a special committee of 13 to inquire into the disfranchisement of voters in certain of the southern states and to report to the house. The measure proposes to have an intelligent, unbiased investigation made of the question, so that the country can know just how far the spirit of the fourteenth amendment has been violated. It seeks information and not legislation, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

If there be any "force-billism" or "bloody shirt waving" in this proposition, let its enemies make the most of it. But there is nothing of the sort. The committee will make a report, but will not make any recommendations one way or the other. The abuses, if they are found, may go on indefinitely so far as the special committee is concerned. There is no general desire, so far as has been revealed, for the passage of any bill to invoke the punishment on the offending states which the constitution provides. A few members have favored such legislation, but nothing of the sort is contemplated now. Nothing of the kind is attached to the Crumpacker proposition. Nothing is hinted at by any republican which would justify the charge that there will be any enforcement of the principle of equality in the suffrage which the constitution assures.

There are at least two reasons why the democratic shrieks of "bloody-shirtism" are foolish. They show that the democracy knows that it is open to the charge of vote suppression which is made against it. The shrieks cannot have the faintest influence on the action of the republican party. To the extent to which the republicans propose to go, they cannot be deterred by the threats of the bulldozers of the democracy in the north or in the south. All that the republicans ask is that the truth as to the situation in the offending states be laid before the country. The democrats are afraid of the truth, and for an excellent reason. The truth will hurt them, and they try to prevent it becoming known. In this attempt to hide their guilt the democrats will be beaten.

## FUNSTON'S STRONG PLEA.

**Some Plain Truths for the Digestion of the Tagal Sympathizers in This Country.**

In a characteristic talk to the members and invited guests of the Lotos club of New York, Gen. Funston on Saturday evening gave counsel to which all men in this country, whatever their official or social station may be, should give heed. After relating some of his experiences in the Philippines and dwelling upon the forbearance, the patience and the charity shown by the American army toward the rebellious natives, he proceeded to denounce the men in the United States who by their speeches and writings are keeping the spirit of insurrection alive in the archipelago. Then he said:

"Think what you please about the justice or the propriety of taking the Philippines and of holding them; think as you please, but for heaven's sake keep your mouth shut until we get this war settled and the sovertignty of the United States settled, and then get together in the country and pull hair and fight it out among yourselves."

In these few words Gen. Funston stated the gist of the plea that has been made by every loyal American, from the late President McKinley down, who ever expressed his sentiments relative to the trouble in the Philippines. So long as armed foes are opposing themselves to the men whom this government has sent to enforce its just authority it is not the time to discuss academic questions of right and wrong. While a vestige of the insurrection remains it is the duty of every American citizen to give such aid as lies in his power to its suppression, or at least, to refrain from giving moral aid and comfort to his country's enemies. When the last Tagal insurgent has laid down his arms and acknowledged the authority of the United States there will be time enough to discuss the question of the ultimate disposition of the archipelago.

No man has a better right to tell Americans what their duty is in this matter than Gen. Funston, says the Albany Journal. By his brave and efficient service for his country he has won it, and none is better qualified to give counsel. He has had the experience that gives wisdom. There is no American so old and so wise that he can afford to disregard the words of the intrepid little warrior, the staunch patriot, from the state of Kansas.

## COMMENT AND OPINION.

☞A free trade paper speaks of the "proffered Cuban half loaf." It is Cuba itself that rejects the whole loaf.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞Having tried it twice himself, Mr. Bryan is convinced that a democrat who has proved that he can be elected president must be a traitor.—Detroit Free Press (Dem.).

☞If the Philippines are put on a free silver basis Mr. Bryan may be in doubt as to whether he ought to keep on sympathizing with them or not.—Washington Star.

☞William Jennings Bryan's plan of building his barn before he builds his house is in line with the good old democratic precedent of working backward.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

**Cabinet Ministers Come High.**

A cabinet officer who not very long ago retired to private life started to build up anew his law practice. A corporation case was sent to him by a brother lawyer. Meeting that lawyer later, the ex-cabinet minister asked what he ought to charge.

"What did you think of charging?" asked his friend.

"Well," the reply was, "I thought a thousand dollars would be about right."

"My dear fellow," the other lawyer responded, "if you do that you will never get another case. Ex-cabinet ministers are a luxury, if they are worth anything. Send a bill for $5,000 retaining fee and you will get a check to-morrow. Then adjust your regular charges at your leisure."

The thing was done, with the result predicted. It is said that the gentleman in question made in a month as much as the sum of his salary during his entire official term.—N. Y. Post.


**$25.00 TO CALIFORNIA.**

**Everyday, During March and April Phenomenally Low Rates to the Pacific Coast and Intermediate Points.**

Colonist Excursions open to all. Later on at intervals during the summer special round trip excursions to the Coast at less than One Cent Per Mile, going one way, returning another. An exceptional opportunity to visit any part of all parts of the Great West for pleasure, education or business. People with interests at various points will show you attention. Address a postal to W. H. Connor, General Agent Union Pacific, Southern Pacific Rys., 53 East 4th St., Cincinati, Ohio. Write on the back: "Send details low rates to California," adding your own name and address, also those of any of your friends, and you will receive in return information of fascinating interest, great practical value, of educational and business worth. Whether or not you are thinking of taking this delightful trip or looking to better your condition in life, it will pay you, your family or friends to write a postal as above. As the colonist rates open to all are good during March and April only, send your postal to-day.


**Kicks and Flats.**

Herr Meyer Lutz tells the following story: "Conducting once in Bradford, I noticed that the clarinet player, a young but clever and steady lad, jumped up a good deal during the progress of the opera. I found that his father, who played the trombone, sat just behind him, and every now and then he gave his son a kick, with the remark: 'Look out, Sammy! there be a flat a-cummin.'"—Mainly About People.

**A Handsome Menu Card.**

It is a noticeable fact that the dining car department of the Grand Trunk Railway System is second to none on the American Continent, and new improvements and modern innovations are continually being made. The Cafe-Parlor cars which have been running on nearly all of the divisions of this great System are a constant source of praise from the travelling public. The company has recently altered the style of the menu cards used on all of the dining cars and cafe-parlor cars, and has gotten up a very handsome and neat bill of fare that appeals to the artistic sense.

**A Failure.**

Mrs. Finnigan—An' did yer husband injoy the cilibration?

Mrs. Hogan—Nivir a bit. T'ink av all thim whustles a-blowin', an' no wurruk to sthop!—Judge.


**Earliest Russian Millet.**

Will you be short of hay? If so plant a plenty of this prodigally prolific millet 5 TO 8 TONS OF RICH HAY PER ACRE. Price 50 lbs. $1.90; 100 lbs. $3.00, low freights John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis.


Feminine Pinpricks.—Elderly Spinster—"Ah, dear Julia, you can't imagine how I dread to think of my fortieth birthday!" Julia—"Why, dear? Did something very unpleasant happen then?"—Punch.


Sweat or fruit acids will not discolor goods dyed with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by druggists, 10c. package.


The Poet—"No, the editors never burn my poems." The Friend—"How is that?" The Poet—"I write them on sheets of asbestos."—London Answers.


**Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.**

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25c.


Woman's love is like an ill-spent fortune—we never know its value till we lose it.—London Answers.


# A Noted Knight Templar Owes His Health to Peruna.

Colonel T. P. Moody, of Chicago, Had Catarrh Twenty-five Years and Was Cured by Peruna.

Colonel T. P. Moody, a prominent Knight Templar, is well known in every city in the United States west of Buffalo, N. Y., as a Jeweler's Auctioneer. In the city of Chicago as a prominent lodge man, being a member of the K. T.'s and also of the Masons. The cut shows Colonel Moody in the costume of the Oriental Consistory Masons, 32nd degree.

In a recent letter from 5900 Michigan avenue, Chicago, Ill., Mr. Moody says the following:

***"For over twenty-five years I suffered from catarrh, and for over ten years I suffered from catarrh of the stomach terribly.***

***"I have taken all kinds of medicines and have been treated by all kinds of doctors, as thousands of my acquaintances are aware in different parts of the United States, where I have traveled, but my relief was only temporary, until a little over a year ago I started to take Peruna, and at the present time I am better than I have been for twenty years.***

***"The soreness has left my stomach entirely and I am free from indigestion and dyspepsia and will say to all who are troubled with catarrh or stomach trouble of any kind, don't put it off and suffer, but begin to take Peruna right away, and keep it up until you are cured, as you surely will be if you persevere.***

"My wife, as many in the southwest can say, was troubled with a bad cough and bronchial trouble, and doctors all over the country gave her up to die, as they could do nothing more for her. She began taking Peruna with the result that she is better now than she has been in years, and her cough has almost left her entirely. The soreness has left her lungs and she is as well as she ever was in her life, with thanks, as she says, to Peruna. Yours very truly, T. P. Moody.

Catarrh in its various forms is rapidly becoming a general curse. An undoubted remedy has been discovered by Dr. Hartman. This remedy has been thoroughly tested during the past forty years. Prominent men have come to know of its virtues, and are making public utterances on the subject. To save the country we must save the people. To save the people we must protect them from disease. The disease that is at once the most prevalent and stubborn of cure is catarrh.

If one were to make a list of the different names that have been applied to catarrh in different locations and organs, the result would be astonishing. We have often published a partial list of these names, and the surprise caused by the first publication of it to all people, both professional and non-professional, was amusing. And yet we have never enumerated all of the diseases which are classed as catarrh. It must be confessed, however, to see even this partial list drawn up in battle array is rather appalling. If the reader desires to see this list, together with a short exposition of each one, send for our free catarrh book. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.


**Kept on Talking.**

Hook—What has become of that office boy of yours who used to take everything he could lay his hands on?

Nye—He's in the Municipal hospital—took smallpox.—Philadelphia Record.


**Ask To-Day for Allen's Foot-Ease.**

It cures swollen, aching, tired feet. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.


"Don't say "I told you so" to a man in up to his waist, or he will walk in up to his neck.—Atchison Globe.


Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.


Every man over-estimates the value of his acquaintance.—Atchison Globe.


**$33.00 to Pacific Coast.**

Chicago & Northwestern R'y.; during the months of March and April $30,00 from Chicago to Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Ogden and Salt Lake City; $30.50 Spokane; $33.00 Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, Vancouver, Victoria and a large number of other points. Tourist Sleeping Cars daily to the Pacific Coast. For maps and particulars apply to nearest ticket agent or address W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill.

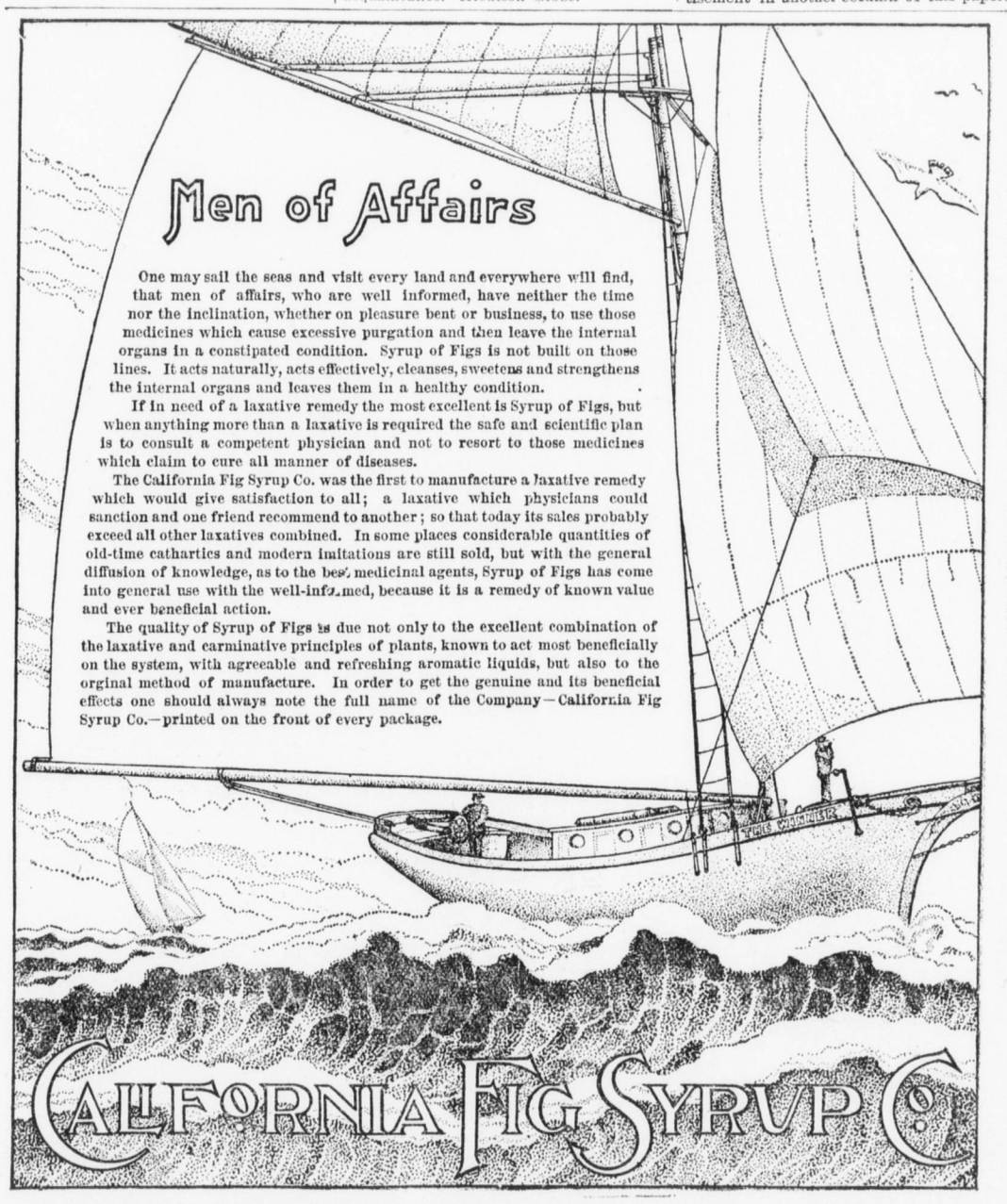

**Looking for It.**

Easterner—Did the cyclone do much damage to your farm?

Kansan—How can I tell till I find it?—Columbus (O.) Journal.


Dropsy treated free by Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, of Atlanta, Ga. The greatest dropsy specialists in the world. Read their advertisement in another column of this paper.




Men of Affairs
One may sail the seas and visit every land and everywhere will find, that men of affairs, who are well informed, have neither the time nor the inclination, whether on pleasure bent or business, to use those medicines which cause excessive purgation and then leave the internal organs in a constipated condition. Syrup of Figs is not built on those lines. It acts naturally, acts effectively, cleanses, sweetens and strengthens the internal organs and leaves them in a healthy condition.
If in need of a laxative remedy the most excellent is Syrup of Figs, but when anything more than a laxative is required the safe and scientific plan is to consult a competent physician and not to resort to those medicines which claim to cure all manner of diseases.
The California Fig Syrup Co. was the first to manufacture a laxative remedy which would give satisfaction to all; a laxative which physicians could sanction and one friend recommend to another; so that today its sales probably exceed all other laxatives combined. In some places considerable quantities of old-time cathartics and modern imitations are still sold, but with the general diffusion of knowledge, as to the best medicinal agents, Syrup of Figs has come into general use with the well-informed, because it is a remedy of known value and ever beneficial action.
The quality of Syrup of Figs is due not only to the excellent combination of the laxative and carminative principles of plants, known to act most beneficially on the system, with agreeable and refreshing aromatic liquids, but also to the orginal method of manufacture. In order to get the genuine and its beneficial effects one should always note the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package.
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

# HELD BY THE SNOW

## Train Stalled on the Prairies for Four Days and Five Nights.

**Worst Blizzard Seen in Many Years--Two Hundred and Fifty Passengers Had a Fierce Fight with Cold and Hunger.**

St. Paul, April 3.—Passengers arriving here yesterday on a Great Northern train, due last Friday, tell of being snowbound for four days and five nights on the prairies of North Dakota in the midst of the worst blizzard the northwest has seen in many years, with only food enough for two meals a day, and with such a small amount of fuel that the ladies had to wrap themselves in blankets and the men to wear their overcoats day and night to keep from freezing. The train was completely lost to the world.

Late Thursday afternoon it picked its precarious way out of Williston in the hope of being able to reach Minot, some 14 miles to the east, before night. Almost midway, at a little stopping place called Ray, where there is only a siding, a water tank and a coal shed, the train was stalled. The train of eight coaches containing 250 passengers was on the siding, with all communication cut off. Then began the long siege, during which the cold had to be borne and banger stifled.

There was an incipient riot on the first day. The second-class passengers insisted that they must have as much or more food than the others, and as they were in larger numbers and had more ravenous appetites it was difficult to confine them to their quota.

Monday evening Prof. Colegrove, of the University of Washington, who had been despondent and morose, attempted suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. There was a physician on the train but he had no facilities for performing the necessary operation, and it was absolutely necessary to get into communication with one of the neighboring towns. In their desperation the passengers broke open everything in the train's chests, and in the conductor's box found a telegraph instrument. A young man, an electrician, faced the blizzard and tapped one of the wires and attached the instrument. He notified the operators at both Minot and Williston of what had occurred.

From each place a snow plow was started in front of an engine bearing a surgeon. The one from Minot, after a hard night's work, reached the siding early the following morning and the injured man was removed on the first train to St. Paul, where he was cared for at the city hospital. The almost famished passengers who had suffered from the cold and exposure were given food and warm berths in the first train pushed through the drifts. The rotary snow plow made one trip through the drift between Ray and Minot, but the snow piled in so rapidly that it was necessary for the rotary to pass through again and then precede the passenger through the cut.

## SIXTEEN KILLED.

**Victims of Mine Disaster Buried--Cause of Explosion Not Known.**

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 3.—Investigation yesterday revealed the fact that the Nelson mine at Dayton in which the explosion occurred on Monday is not on fire and has not been. Workmen were engaged Wednesday excavating the debris. The funerals of the victims recovered were held yesterday. Altogether there were 16 men killed, leaving 58 orphans and 14 widows. The miners claim that the explosion was due to failure to sprinkle the mine on Sunday. The prevailing opinion seems to be that it was caused by a combination of coal dust and gas in the mine.

The officials of the Dayton Coal and Iron Co. stated that they have not progressed sufficiently in their investigations to make a full statement, but they claim that the Nelson mine was one of the best governed mines at Dayton. State Inspector of Mines R. A. Shifflet, of Nashville, made a rigid examination of the mine one week ago and claims it was in first-class condition with very little gas apparent.

**Worst of the Winter.**

Ebensburg, Pa., April 3.—The storm blowing here for the last three days is equal to the worst of the winter. The Ebensburg branch of the Pennsylvania railroad is snowed up and the night train due here at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, has not been able to get through yet. A locomotive sent out to pull the stranded train through is off the track in deep snow, as is also the Cresson work train.

**Spalding Resigns His Claims.**

New York, April 3.—The National league baseball war is practically ended. A. G. Spalding has resigned his claim as chief executive of the big organization and the office will be tendered to William G. Temple, of Pittsburg. There will be no further contest in the courts. Mr. Spalding's letter of resignation was presented to the magnates at the second day's session of the peace conference at the Fifth Avenue hotel.

**Bloodshed Feared.**

Ashland, Wis., April 3.—From indications last night bloodshed may be the result of the election in Hayward, county seat of Sawyer county. A bitter and strained condition is prevailing there and is at any moment likely to cause trouble. A reform ticket which has been elected by a large majority, is said by the incumbent town officers to have been the result of questionable methods and those officers refuse absolutely to recognize the newly elected officers as their successors. The city is in an uproar.

## MUCH TESTIMONY.

**It Is Given Before the House Investigating Committee.**

Washington, April 4.—The investigation of charges in connection with the Danish West Indies negotiations was resumed yesterday by the house special committee having it in charge. Abner McKinley was the first witness. Asked as to whether he knew Capt. Christmas, the witness said he had met him once in the most casual way in the lobby of the Manhattan hotel, New York. He never held any conference with him of any kind or character.

Representative Gardner followed with a statement disclaiming all knowledge of Christmas except of the most casual character. Some one, he said, had asked permission to present a lady and gentleman at his (Gardner's) room. There was a brief meeting and the card left bore the name of Christmas. That was the extent of his acquaintance with Christmas.

Mr. Hansen, the next witness, gave his business as an attorney at New York. He said Christmas told him in 1899 of the movement to sell the Danish islands to the United States and of Denmark's willingness to pay liberally in case of a sale. Christmas desired Hansen to act as counsel. Witness called on Abner McKinley and asked him if he would become associate counsel. Mr. McKinley replied that he (Hansen) ought to know that he (McKinley) would not be retained on any negotiation in which the government was concerned.

Later Hansen said he talked with Col. Brown and requested him to ask the president if there was any intention of buying the Danish islands. Col. Brown made the inquiry, the witness said, and was referred by the president to Secretary Hay. When Col. Brown returned to New York he told Mr. Hansen that the United States did intend to buy the islands. Mr. Hansen then accepted Christmas' proposition, telling him, however, he desired no compensation except to be appointed attorney for Denmark later if the negotiations were successful.

Melville E. Stone, general manager of the Associated Press, next testified. He stated that he had general charge of all news matters of the association and had full knowledge of all contracts and business affairs. Mr. Dalzell asked if Christmas ever had any contract with the association. Mr. Stone answered that there was no such contract.

## NATIONAL BANKS.

**Report of Comptroller of the Currency on Banks of Small Capital.**

Washington, April 4.—A statement prepared in the office of the comptroller of the currency shows that during the period beginning March 14, 1900 (the date of the passage of the act authorizing the organization of national banks with minimum capital of $25,000, etc.), and terminating March 31, 1902, there were added to the system 919 national banking associations with capital of $50,269,000 and bond deposits as security for circulation of $130,339,500. Included in this number were 121 banks with capital of $8,595,000, representing conversions of state banks; 290 with capital of $15,130,000, reorganizations of state or private banks liquidated for that purpose, and 503 banks with capital of $26,544,000, primary organizations.

In other words, a trifle over 55 per cent. of the banks organized were those of primary organization and the remainder conversions or reorganizations. Classified by capital it is shown that 611 banks with aggregate capital of $16,004,000 were of the class authorized by the act of March 14, 1900, namely, with individual capital of less than $50,000, and 308 with aggregate capital of $34,265,000 banks with individual capital of $50,000 or over. Of the converted state banks 81, with aggregate capital of $2,175,000, were of the smaller class, and 40 with total capital of $6,420,000 of the larger class.

Comparing condition on March 14, 1900, with March 31, 1902, it is shown that there has been a net increase in number of banks of 805; the capital has increased from $616,308,095 to $672,759,195, or $56,451,100, and circulation secured by bonds from $216,374,795 to $317,460,382, a net increase of $101,085,597. In addition to the foregoing amount of bond secured, circulation on March 31 last there was also in circulation notes to the amount of $40,016,025, for which lawful money has been deposited with the treasurer of the United States on account of insolvent and liquidating banks and associations reducing their circulation.

**A Sensational Suicide.**

Niagara Falls, N. Y., April 4.—Delia Tansey, of Buffalo, went over the American falls at 6 o'clock last evening. It was the most sensational cataract suicide in years. The woman jumped over the railing of Goat island bridge about ten feet from shore. William Connors, of Liverpool, England, who was on the bridge at the time, ran down the shore and waded into the river. A rake was passed to him, which he succeeded in fastening in her clothes. Miss Tansey begged pietously to be saved. He tried to draw the woman toward the shore, but her clothing tore and she was carried over the brink of the falls. Two hundred people saw the woman go to her death.

**Claim Juror Was Drugged.**

St. Peter, Min., April 4.—While Andrew Tanke and his wife were being tried for the alleged murder of the latter's former husband, Anton Kachel, a juror became sick and demented. He was taken for treatment to the asylum here, where he died. The jury was dismissed. It is now alleged that drugs were administered to the juror and that he died from their effect. The authorities are investigating. The parties who gave the drugs to the juror are said to be known and the disclosures promise sensational results.

# LOSS OVER $750,000.

## Atlantic City, N. J., Is Swept by Fire.

**Two Blocks of Buildings Are Destroyed, Including Twelve Hotels--The Fire Raged for Five Hours--No Loss of Life Known.**

Atlantic City, N. J., April 4.—Twelve hotels and more than a score of small buildings adjoining the board walk, which is built along the ocean edge, were destroyed yesterday by a fire which swept the beach front for two long blocks from Illinois avenue to New York avenue. The loss, it is believed, will exceed $750,000. In this respect the conflagration is the most disastrous that has ever visited this city. The loss will be only partly covered by insurance as the rate of 5 per cent. charged by insurance companies on property here is regarded as almost prohibitive.

Fortunately no lives were sacrificed, though probably a dozen persons were slightly injured and burned during the progress of the fire.

It was reported early in the afternoon that six men had perished in the flames, but the rumor was without foundation. The origin of the fire is unknown, but is said to have started in either Brady's baths or the Tarlton hotel, which adjoins the baths at Illinois avenue and the board walk.

The city is guarded by a company of militia who were requested by the municipal authorities to aid the police in the prevention of looting. About a dozen men were arrested during the day for robbery.

The fire was discovered shortly after 9 o'clock in the morning and for nearly five hours the flames raged with such violence as to threaten the city with destruction. All of the burned buildings were frame structures and the flames, fanned by a strong southwest wind, swept along the beach front with amazing rapidity. The Tarlton hotel was soon a pile of smouldering debris and the flames fed on the small stores and booths between Illinois and Kentucky avenues until they reached the Stratford hotel, which was soon enveloped. The fiery tongues leaped to the Berkley adjoining, and in a few minutes the new Holland, the Bryn Mawr, the Evard and the Stickney, all located on Kentucky avenue near the beach, were doomed.

During the progress of the fire the wildest excitement prevailed among the guests of the hotels which later became prey to the flames. With the exception of the Tarlton and the Bryn Mawr, all of the hostelries were open for the season and most of them were fairly well filled.

## A NEW PARTY.

**"Allied People's Party of the United States" Organized.**

Louisville, Ky., April 4.—Under the name of the allied people's party of the United States a new political organization was formed here yesterday, composed of reform elements opposed to the democratic and republican parties. The platform of the new organization embodies the platform adopted at the conference held in Kansas City last September, when a call for a convention was issued, "to unite reform forces against plutocracy." It reaffirms the spirit of the declaration of principles adopted at the national conventions of the people's party in St. Louis, Omaha and Cincinnati and the demand for the initiative and referendum and the government ownership of all public utilities are its principal planks.

Under the plan of organization adopted the national committee of the people's party, with Jo A. Parker as its chairman, will remain intact, with the addition of three more members from Missouri, who will have one-half vote each, until the next national, this being a concession to the reform forces of that state. This committee will have power to call a national convention and its headquarters will be situated wherever the chairman desires, except three months before an election, when they will be in St. Louis.

The basis of representation will be five delegates at large from every state and territory and one additional delegate for every thousand voters, based on the vote at the preceding national election.

In the plank on money, the platform adopted favors scientific money based upon the entire wealth of the people of the nation and not redeemable in any specific commodity, but to be legal tender for all debts, public and private, and to be issued by the government only and without the intervention of banks.

**Got Judgment for $61,608.**

New York, April 4.—Judge Lacombe, in the United States circuit court, yesterday handed down a decision awarding the American Sugar Refining Co. a judgment against Former Collector of the Port Bidwell for $61,608, with interest from October 27, 1900. This sum was paid on that date for duties on raw sugar from the new insular possessions of the United States and under the recent decision of the United States supreme court, the exacting of the duty was illegal.

**Two Army Officers Drowned.**

Detroit, Mich., April 4.—While returning from a fishing expedition in a small sail boat at about 7:30 o'clock last night, Lieut. Howard F. Avery, adjutant of the First battalion of the Fourteenth regiment, stationed at Fort Wayne here, and Second Lieut. W. Ashbridge were drowned by the overturning of the boat in the river about 600 yards below the fort. These officers were accompanied by Trumpeter Richard Tuney, who was rescued while clinging to the overturned boat and who is now in the fort hospital in a serious condition

## MURDER AND SUICIDE.

**Husband Kills His Wife and Himself—Thought to Have Been Insane.**

Morley, Mich., April 3.—Eugene Richards, a well-to-do farmer at Borland settlement, a flag station on the Grand Rapids & Indiana road a few miles from here, yesterday shot and killed his wife as she lay ill in bed and then killed himself. He is thought to have been temporarily insane. Mrs. Richards had been sick for several weeks and worry over her condition is thought to have unbalanced his mind.

Early in the morning he went to the house of a neighbor and told them that he had a presentment that both himself and wife would die Wednesday. His action were strange and the neighbor sent for a physician. Before his arrival Richards had committed the double murder. When the tragedy was discovered Richards was kneeling by the bedside of his wife and both of them were shot through the breast. The deed was done with a single barreled shot gun and Richards was compelled to reload it before he could destroy himself after killing his wife. The couple had always lived happily together.

## ANOTHER STRIKE.

**Street Railway Men of Norfolk, Va., Threaten to Go Out Again.**

Norfolk, Va., April 5.—At a meeting Friday of street railway motormen and conductors who went out on a former strike against the Norfolk Railway and Light Co., it was decided to renew the fight against the company. This action was taken as a result of the alleged refusal of General Manager Johnson, of the company, to reinstate employes whose names had been submitted to him.

W. H. Mullen, secretary of the Richmond Trades and Labor Council, has been here for two days for the purpose of financially aiding the strikers. It is reported that Mr. Mullen said there will be a strike in Richmond to-day of all the Williams syndicate employes, including the Richmond Traction Co. The strike here effects only about 300 employes, but three times that number would be called out in Richmond in the event of a strike.

**Looking for an Imposter.**

Washington, April 4.—The civil service commission, with the aid of postoffice inspectors and New York detectives, are engaged in running down a man who found many dupes before his scheme was discovered. He signed himself as Albert O. Steffens, "Secretary of the Board of Civil Service Commission, New York Branch," and advertised in a number of papers in this country and Germany for persons to fill positions with the "land surveyors of the Geographical Co. at Washington, guaranteeing a salary of $2.50 a day, free transportation to and from their homes and free rations. The responses ran into the thousands and it is said that Steffens realized a handsome income daily from his operations.

**Murdered and Robbed.**

Muskogee, I. T., April 3.—The dead body of Will Hayes, 24 years of age, of Wheeling, W. Va., was found lying in a vacant lot near the business section of Wagoner, I. T., yesterday. A pair of bloody scissors with which Hayes evidently had been stabbed to death, lay near the body. The man's watch was missing, and his pockets had been rifled. Six men and three women, all negroes, were arrested on suspicion of connection with the murder.

**Will Investigate Conditions.**

Washington, April 5.—The time of the cabinet Friday was taken up almost entirely with a communication which the president has received from the governor of Louisiana protesting against the camp alleged to be maintained in that state by agents of the British government for the purpose of supplying mules and teams to the British army in South Africa. The president has directed an investigation into the facts and the law bearing upon the question.

**A Mysterious Case.**

Deadwood, S. D., April 5.—Alonzo Bruce, colored, a nephew of the former senator and registratar of the treasury, Blanche K. Bruce, of Mississippi, was found in his room here Friday badly beaten and bruised and almost in a dying condition. He had numerous severe contusions about the head and fractures of the skull, and so far has failed to recover sufficiently to relate what happened to him. He is in a hospital in a critical condition.

**Death of an Old Soldier.**

Marlboro, Mass., April 3.—Councilman James B. Goddard died suddenly last evening of heart trouble. He served in the Third Massachusetts artillery in the civil war. In 1865 he was detailed, with others, to capture John Wilkes Booth, the assassin of President Lincoln, and it was he who furnished information which led to the capture of two others of the conspirators.

**Canal Boats Run by Electricity.**

Hamilton, O., April 5.—The first trip of canal boats on the Miami and Erie canal, drawn by electric motor, was made Friday. Six boats in line, laden with material for building the line to Cincinnati, were drawn easily to Port Union, a distance of five miles.

**G. A. R. Gets Rates.**

Chicago, April 3.—Reduced rates for the encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic to be held in Washington, October 6 to 11, were established by the eastern roads yesterday. The encampment fare will be one cent a mile in each direction.

**Author and Journalist Dies.**

New York, April 3.—Junius Henri Browne, a widely known author and journalist, died yesterday after a lingering illness. For years he made New York City his home and many local newspapers and other publications received the benefit of his pen.

# YOUNG MURDERER.

## Boy Confessed to Cutting an Old Man's Throat.

**The Victim's Body Put in a Cave and the Entrance Walled Up with Stones -- Officers Believe Half the Story Has Not Been Told.**

Salt Lake, Utah, April 5.—Clyde Felt, the 15-year-old boy who Thursday stated to the police that he had concealed the body of Sam Collins, the aged watchman of the Wasataka mines at Warm Springs, after the latter had committed suicide, yesterday broke down and confessed that he had cut the old man's throat in the little cave above Warm Springs, stripped the body of clothing, and after walling up the entrance with stones, had buried the blood-stained clothes. Young Felt said that he had cut Collins' throat only after long urging by the old man, who insisted that he wanted to die and was afraid to commit the deed himself.

Early Friday Felt, with two policemen, climbed the hills to the vicinity of the murder to search for Collins' valise, which the boy said the old man had hidden on the day of his death. Felt led the officers up and down the hillside in an aimless manner for a time and finally stopping, admitted that the story of the valise was a myth; that Collins never had one and that the crime had been committed by himself after Collins had begged him for hours to commit the deed. "He had frequently asked me to do it," said the boy, "but I was afraid to. Finally I did. Then when he was dead I took off his clothes, threw the razor up on the bank and walled in the cave."

From statements made by other boys in the neighborhood of the tragedy, however, the police believe that half of young Felt's story has not been told and that behind the tragedy is a tale of moral degeneracy and a conspiracy among a number of young boys in the old man's power, which finally culminated in Collins' death. A number of arrests probably will follow.

Felt insists that he was alone with Collins when the murder was committed. Nevertheless the police believe that the boy has not told all of his story and are working on the theory that others were implicated.

## DUN'S WEEKLY BULLETIN.

**Labor Troubles Make Manufacturers Wary About New Undertakings.**

New York, April 5.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review says: Labor controversies continue to be the only seriously disturbing events in the industrial world, and, while many disagreements have been promptly settled, others have appeared to interrupt production and make manufacturers conservative about new undertakings. Retail distribution of spring wearing apparel received a check from the more inclement weather in many localities, yet merchandise of most staple lines is purchased freely, and collections are satisfactory at nearly all points except the south.

Supplies of iron and steel do not seem in any immediate danger of overtaking demand. Mid-summer seems to be the dividing line as to quotations, prices after July 1 averaging about $1 per ton less than earlier deliveries, while those few fortunate sellers of spot material continue to secure large premiums. Pittsburg pig iron is definitely higher and large contracts are still under negotiation between the Bessemer producers and the leading consumer. Coke continues to move a little more freely, yet prices are fully sustained.

In the markets for textile products there is a distinctly firm tone. Labor troubles and the high position of raw cotton are both factors of strength, while mills have orders that will occupy their full capacity for some time.

Widely divergent views as to the crop outlook resulted in a dull market for the cereals and only small changes in prices.

The course of commodity prices during the month of March indicates a seasonable tendency downward.

Failures in the United States this week 167 against 195 last year, and 22 in Canada against 29 last year.

## A STORY OF SHIPWRECK.

**A Whale Strikes a Ship and Causes It to Sink.**

St. Thomas, D. W. I., April 5.—The nine men from the whaler Katheleen, of New Bedford, Mass., who reached the island of Dominica, B. W. I., March 28, in an open boat, are now at Antigua, B. W. I. The previous report that the wife of the captain of the Kathleen was in the boat that reached Dominica is incorrect. Further particulars of the loss of the Kathleen are as follows:

When at a point about 1,100 miles eastward of Barbados, three boats from the Kathleen were pursuing a shoal of whales on March 17. When at some distance from the ship they noticed that she was signalling them to come to her immediate assistance. The three boats returned toward the Kathleen. It was learned that a large whale had struck the ship ten feet below the water line, starting her timbers, and that she was filling rapidly.

**Second Fire Within a Year.**

Pittsburg, Pa., April 5.—For the second time within a year the Barker, Williams & Co. furniture installment house on Penn avenue was burned out last night. The fire originated on the ninth floor, where it was confined.

**Naval Commander Dies.**

Washington, April 5.—Lieutenant Commander William H. Schuetz died at the naval hospital in this city Friday, of a complication of acute stomach and lung troubles. His death ends one of the most creditable careers of the naval service.

## AFFECTS 10,000 MINERS.

**Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Coal Co.'s Strike Is Settled.**

Indianapolis, Ind., April 5.—As the result of a conference at the headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America Friday between President Mitchell, Bernard Rice, of Deerfield, Pa., president of District No. 2, Pennsylvania, and L. W. Robinson, of Rochester, N. Y., president of the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Coal Co., it is believed that the strike of that company called at Altoona, April 1, and involving 10,000 men, will be declared off.

It is understood that both Mr. Rice and Mr. Robinson made concessions, which probably will be acceptable to the miners. Mr. Robinson left for Pittsburg last night to confer with other officials of the coal company, and President Mitchell and Mr. Rice placed themselves in communication with district leaders at Altoona who are managing the strike. They were notified of the result of the conference, and the advisability of accepting the terms and calling off the strike will be left in their hands.

Dubois, Pa., April 5.—Authentic information was received in this city last night that the strike has been settled and that Monday morning all mines of the Rochester & Pittsburg Coal and Iron Co. will resume operations. This information came quite unexpectedly to the public, as well as to the striking miners, but is no less reliable.

The announcement comes from Indianapolis, where L. W. Robinson, egneral manager for the coal company has been the past two days in conference with President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers; Bernard Rice, member of the national executive board from this district, and other officials of the United Mine Workers of America. The conditions of settlement have not yet been made public further than that all differences have been adjusted mutually satisfactory to all concerned and that work will be resumed next Monday. The announcement will bring cheer to 10,000 miners and their families besides hundreds of railroad and shop men, as well as to every community in the region.

## TOBACCO STATISTICS.

**Census Report Regarding the Manufacture of the Weed.**

Washington, April 5.—The census office has issued a preliminary report regarding the manufacture of tobacco in the United States which shows the number of establishments to be 15,252, an increase of 31 per cent. over 1890; capital invested $124,098,871, an increase of 29 per cent.; average number of wage-earners 142,277, the wages amounting to $49,852,484, an increase of 12 per cent.; total value of products $283,076,546.

The number of establishments engaged in the manufacture of cigars and cigarettes is 14,539, an increase of 33 per cent. over 1890; capital invested, $67,706,493; persons employed in the work number 107,462, drawing wages amounting to $40,925,596, an increase of 12 per cent., and of 19 per cent. in number of employes; value of products, $160,223,152.

The number of establishments manufacturing chewing and smoking tobacco and snuff is stated to be 437, an increase of 10 per cent.; capital invested $43,856,570, an increase of 42 per cent.; average number of wage-earners 29,161, the total wages paid being $7,109,821, an increase of 2 per cent.; value of products, $103,754,362.

In the stemming and rehandling trade there are 276 establishments, a decrease of 5 per cent. since 1890; capital invested $12,526,808, an increase of 118 per cent.; total number of employes 9,654, an increase of 61 per cent.; wages paid $1,817,067, an increase of 61 per cent; total value of products, $19,099,032.

**Sentenced to Death.**

Philadelphia, Pa., April 5.—Wm. H. Lane, the colored servant who on Tuesday last murdered Ella J. Jarden and her daughter, Madeline, and so badly wounded another daughter, Eloise, that she died Friday, was convicted of murder in the first degree yesterday afternoon, after a trial lasting less than one and a half hours. Lane pleaded guilty Thursday afternoon and was placed on trial at 1 o'clock Friday. Because of Lane's plea of guilty, no jury was drawn and only three witnesses were called for the purpose of determining the degree of murder. At 2:20 o'clock Judge Biddle sentenced the murderer to death. The date of his execution will be fixed by Gov. Stone.

**Two Men Killed.**

Pittsburg, April 5.—Two men were killed, one seriously injured and a number of cars wrecked and cattle killed by a freight wreck at Crag Dell, Pa., on the Allegheny Valley division of the Pennsylvania railroad at an early hour Friday morning. The dead are: Harry Dheen, fireman, of Williamsport; W. B. Mosher, brakeman, of Olean, N. Y. J. A. Williams, engineer, of Pittsburg, was injured. The accident was caused by a landslide.

**Will Cede Lands to the Government.**

Washington, April 5.—The secretary of the interior Friday transmitted to the senate an agreement with the Red Lake and Pembina bands of Chippewa Indians of Minnesota for the cessation to the United States of the western portion of the Red Lake reservation, containing 256,152 acres.

**Murder and Suicide.**

Toledo, April 5.—Harry Preston, a plumber, Friday morning shot his wife in the head, killing her instantly, then shot himself three times. The shots took effect in his abdomen and he died a few minutes later. Preston was under the influence of liquor, but otherwise no cause is given for the deed.

**Hanged Himself.**

Kansas City, Mo., April 5.—John P. Cason, aged 18, committed suicide here yesterday by hanging. He left a note saying he had taken his life because of his inability to get work.

# Cameron County Press

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid is advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

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Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less, $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

☞No advertisements will be accepted at less than the price for fifteen words.

☞Religious notices free.


### John P. Elkin and His Opponents.

Philadelphia Inquirer.

No Republican, either leader or voter, who understands the political conditions in Pennsylvania should consider for a single moment the argument that if John P. Elkin is nominated for Governor several Congressional districts will be lost and the re-election of Senator Penrose will be endangered. For who are the persons who are using such childish arguments? They are principally composed of Mr. Acheson a Congressman from the southwestern end of the State, and the editors of a few insurgent newspapers. The newspapers in question are wholly without influence, and as to Mr. Acheson, he has been advocating the rule of the minority so long without result that his views are not valuable nor even worth listening to.

Among the districts that are said to be in danger by the opponents of Mr. Elkin is that of Representative Connell. But you do not find Mr. Connell joining with Mr. Acheson and the insurgent newspapers. On the other hand, he is sturdily in favor of the nomination of Mr. Elkin. Listen to what his own newspaper, the Scranton Tribune, has to say:

Mr. Elkin has few, if any, superiors among the younger men now in American public life. The stone-throwing he is now undergoing does him absolutely no harm, as is shown by the returns from the various primaries, and his nomination for Governor, now generally recognized as likely to come to pass, will be followed by a stirring campaign, crowned with victory certain and impressive.

"Certain and impressive" would be the Republican victory under his leadership undoubtedly, for there is no candidate in the State who can better appeal to the people than Mr. Elkin himself. "Republicans who know Mr. Elkin only as he is pictured in the insurgent newspapers," continues the Tribune, "will know more about him before long, and we ventured to say that the knowledge will dispel any doubts which may now exist in minds open to reason as to the wisdom of his nomination."

There can be no serious questioning of that statement. A man who is of the people and fights his way by sheer force of will and of self-gained education is always safe in the hands of the people. The popularity of John P. Elkin is a matter of common knowledge. Against a most formidable machine, that of Mr. Watres, he has swept everything. In the country districts contests at the primaries are always above board. Not even the most bitter enemies of the Republican Party would dare to contend that in the country, at least, there is not a fair expression of opinion. If there is so much opposition to Mr. Elkin how happens it that, with a rival candidate in the field and fighting hard for delegates, it is Mr. Elkin, who is capturing all of the delegates, and by great majorities?

We make the declaration without the slightest reserve that no more popular candidate could be found in all Pennsylvania than Elkin, and if under him the State would not vote the Republican ticket, then no man could save it.

But the idea of losing Pennsylvania to the Democrats and of handing the Legislature over to the control of Colonel Guffey and of beating Senator Penrose if Elkin is nominated is simply preposterous.


### A Spring Tonic.

Everybody needs a tonic in the spring, at this time the system craves a tonic. It is housecleaning time for your body. Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound will tone up your nerves, blood, kidneys and liver and fill you with health and energy. Sold by L. Taggart.


## PHOSPHORESCENT OCEAN.

**Little Gelatinous Organisms Which Create the Appearance.**

A milky opalescence, permeating the entire sea for immense distances bounded only by the horizon, is a somewhat rare phenomenon. It appears quite suddenly, lasts perhaps for several hours and passes away as rapidly as it came, and this without apparent cause. At midnight we had the singular whiteness enveloping the sea, while the more brilliant kinds of phosphorescence shone in the midst of flashing green, yellow or bluish lights, as the case might be—a gorgeous nocturnal display.

During these hours my surface trawl net drifted astern of the ship. The water was alive with countless myriads of little gelatinous sacs measuring one-sixth of an inch in length—delicate tunicate organisms which required the aid of a microscope to reveal their perfect structure. A few specimens placed in an empty meat tin in a darkened cabin could be seen indeed with the naked eyes careening madly around in the salt water, each one glowing with that peculiar opalescent light which saturated the entire sea for so many miles. It was a small species of salpa, nearly related to a much larger kind on the side of which the late Professor Moseley wrote his name with his finger, the signature being visible on the dead body throughout the night, glowing with the brightest phosphorescent light.—Cornhill Magazine.

### Speaking English.

Almost any one who speaks English might be put down successively in half a dozen places where English is supposed to be the mother tongue and hear as many dialects spoken, not one of which he would understand until it was interpreted. An old Lancashire worthy and a London lady were one day occupants of a railway carriage. The train had been waiting long at a certain station, and there was no appearance of it starting when the worthy remarked:

"They're a gly, tanglesome lot here."

"I beg your pardon," said the lady.

"I'm sayin' they're a gey daidlin' lot here."

"I really beg your pardon, sir."

"I'm observin' they are a vera dreich lot here the nicht."

"Really I must again beg your pardon. I don't comprehend you."

"I was just tryin' to say that the train was late."

"Indeed, sir, it is—very late," agreed the lady and then collapsed.—London Tit-Bits.

### Sulphur.

Sulphur occurs very widely distributed in the mineral kingdom, partly free and partly combined with other elements. The free sulphur is either found pure in regularly formed crystals or intimately mixed with earthy matters. In its native state sulphur is largely found in Sicily and Italy and as a general rule in abundance in volcanic districts. The brittleness of sulphur renders the cleavage imperfect.

Sulphuric acid is an important combination and a very dangerous one in inexperienced hands. Sulphur combined with a number of elements, such as iron, copper, lead, etc., furnishes the sulphides. In the vegetable kingdom sulphur is a small constituent of the albuminous bodies and of certain volatile irritant oils. Moreover, the vegetable juices contain it in the form of certain sulphates.

### An East Indian Amulet.

In India a variety of gems and stones are used as amulets. The most common is the salagrama, a stone about as large as a billiard ball and which is perforated with black. This is supposed to be found only in Gandaki, a river in Nepaul. The person who possesses one of these stones is esteemed highly fortunate. He preserves it in a clean cloth, from whence it is sometimes taken to be bathed and perfumed. He believes that the water in which it is washed, if drunk, has the power to preserve from sin. Holding it in his hand, the dying Hindoo expires in peace, trusting in a stone rather than in the living God.

### A Taste of Brogue.

An Englishman met a man at a French table d'hote, who addressed him in French. His accent betrayed him, and, rather rudely, the Briton said, "Ah, you are English."

"The devil a doubt of it, darlin'," replied the stranger.

"An Irishman, too, still better," went on the other.

"Well, thin, isn't it strange," said the man, "my French always shows me to be English and my English to be Irish?"

### The First Step.

The children were having a writing lesson.

"Set me copy, too!" pleaded little Ronnie.

"But you can't write, dear!" the governess reminded him.

"Then set me some b'ots!" commanded Ronnie.

He evidently considered blots a step toward writing.—Home Chat.

### Dinner Among the Romans.

The Romans in the time of Cicero and Augustus took an early breakfast, from 3 to 4 in the morning, a luncheon at 12 or 1 and at about 3 o'clock the cœna or principal meal of the day, corresponding with our dinner. Concurrently we read of some not dining until sunset.

### Cramped Lives.

According to the London Lancet, it is quite exceptional to find in a child bred in parochial charity institutions that healthy individuality which is characteristic of children who have been boarded out in the freer and more natural atmosphere of family life.

### First Fork.

R. B. B. Crum, was bidding his patrons good bye on Saturday.

Isaac Bowen has treated his house to new windows and repairing and painting up generally.

The First Fork stage is a thing of the past, as the mail will be carried on the railroad, beginning with to-day.

The saw mill here has been shut down a day or two on account of Mr. Yeager, the manager, being called to Genessee by the death of his mother.

It was P. H. Farrell of Austin, instead of B. C., his brother, of Costello, who died a few days ago. He was in the employ of the Goodyears.

A young man by the name of Rollinger was taken to the Austin hospital on Wednesday last, having been hurt by logs rolling on him, caused by a chain breaking on the log train. It is reported his back was not broken as first reported.

Quite a number of young men leave this morning for Idaho with the intention of taking up timber or mining claims. Among them are Ezra Logue and Oliver Berfield, of First Fork; Chas. David, Orrin Card and J. Leon Nelson, of Packer. Another band expects to leave later in the season.

The house of John Caldwell was destroyed by fire on Saturdry last, the fire catching in the roof. The contents were mostly all saved. We understand there is no insurance. Mr. Caldwell and wife were visiting their daughter Mrs. Nelson at Sizerville, at the time of the fire, Mrs. Russell, another daughter keeping house for them while away.

April 7, 1902.


### Letter to Dr. A. W. Baker.

Emporium, Pa.

Dear Sir: You know chemistry. Lead and zinc is a better paint than lead alone or zinc alone. Lead chalks off; zinc peels off. Lead and zinc stay on, if properly ground.

Devoe lead and zinc is the paint. It is ground fine and thoroughly mixed. A painter ought never to mix lead and zinc; it wants grinding; mixing isn't enough. A streak of lead and a streak of zinc is not lead and zinc.

The object in grinding Devoe is to grind the lead into the zinc and the zinc into the lead, which a painter can't do, with a stick in a tub.

And yet lead and oil will wear longer with 20 or 30 per cent of zinc mixed in with it, even as painters do it.

But Devoe has lead ground in with zinc. The lead is fine enough; so is the zinc. The grinding is to grind the two into one. And grinding costs little or nothing done by machinery.

Yours truly,

69 F. W. DEVOE & Co.

P. S.—Murry & Coppersmith sell our paint.


### When the Atlantic Was Bridged.

According to the distinguished French anthropologists Gabriel and Adrien de Mortillet there was a junction between Europe and America by way of the British isles, the Faroes, Iceland and Greenland in what is known as the Chellean epoch, which is supposed to have ended 150,000 or 160,000 years ago.—Baltimore Sun.


### Chronic Bronchitis Cured.

"For ten years I had chronic bronchitis so bad that at times I could not speak above a whisper," writes Mr. Joseph Coffman, of Montmorenci, Ind. 'I tried all remedies available, but with no success. Fortunately my employer suggested that I try Foley's Honey and Tar. Its effect was almost miraculous, and I am now cured of the disease. On my recommendation many people have used Foley's Honey and Tar, and always with satisfaction." L. Taggart.


About 600,000 trees are annually planted by Swedish school children under the guidance of their teachers.


### Reduced Rates to the West.

Commencing March 1st and daily thereafter, until April 30th, 1902, the Wisconsin Central Ry. will sell Settlers' tickets from Chicago to points in Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, and British Columbia, at greatly reduced rates. For detailed information inquire of nearest Ticket Agent, or address W. H. Allen, 621 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa., or Jas. C. Pond, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Wilwaukee, Wis. 48-14t.


### His Fluent Fount of Tears.

There are funny incidents in the life of a photographer. A man came in the other day and looked over all the samples, asking the price of each.

"Do you want a sitting?" I asked.

"I don't see nothin' like what I want," he replied.

I told him if he would indicate what he wanted I might arrange it.

"You see, it's like this," he began. "I had a girl that I loved, and we was going to git married. She had her things made up, and we was all but ready, when she was taken ill and died. And what I wanted was a picture of me sittin' on her grave weepin'."

I was touched at the homely story of grief and told him I could send a man with him to the grave and have the picture taken as he desired.

"It's some distance," he said. "It's over in Ireland. I expect it 'ud cost a lot to send over your traps for what I want?"

I said it would.

"I thought," he answered, "that mebbe you could rig up a grave here in your shop and I would weep on it and it would do just as well. It's no trouble for me to weep anywhere."—Edinburgh Scotsman.

### Easily Accounted For.

Blobbs—He says he would rather fight than eat.

Slobbs—Pugnacious, eh?

Blobbs—No; dyspeptic.—Philadelphia Record.


This paper might be filled with items like the following, and every one be the absolute truth. I had rheumatism for years and tried almost everything, but got no permanent relief until I used Chamberlains Pain Palm, three bottles of which have cured me. It is the best medicine I ever used.—Philip E. Rhoads, Pennville, Mo. Pain Balm is for sale by L. Taggart.


Virtue is like precious odors, most fragrant when they are incensed or crushed.


### The Best Blood Purifier.

The blood is constantly being purified by the lungs, liver and kidneys. Keep these organs in a healthy condition and the bowels regular and you will have no need of a blood purifier. For this purpose there is nothing equal to Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, one dose of them will do you more good than a dollar bottle of the best blood purifier. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at L. Taggart's drug store.


Money is like muck, not good unless it spread.


If troubled by a weak digestion, loss of appetite, or constipation, try a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Every box warranted. For sale by L. Taggart.


Boldness is a child of ignorance and baseness.


### Save the Loved Ones!

Mrs. Mary A. Vliet, Newcastle, Colo., writes: "I believe Ballard's Horehound Syrup is superior to any other medicine, and will do all that is claimed for it, and it is so pleasant to take. My little girl wants to take it when she has no need for it." Ballards's Horehound Syrup is the great cure for all pulmonary ailments. 25c, 50c and $1.00 at L. Taggart's.


Labor is the girdle of manliness.


### Herbine Cures

Fever and Ague. A dose will usually stop a chill, a continuance always cures. Mrs. Wm. M. Strond, Midloian, Texas, May 31, 1899, writes: "We have used Herbine in our family for eight years, and found it the best medicine we have ever used, for la grippe, billious fever, and malaria." 50c at L. Taggart's.


The wise man flatters the fool, but the fool flatters himself.


### Walks Without Crutches.

I was much afflicted with sciatica, writes Ed. C. Nud, Iowaville, Sedgwick Co., Kan., "going about on crutches and suffering a deal of pain. I was induced to try Ballard's Snow Liniment, which relieved me. I used three 50c bottles. It is the greatest liniment I ever used; have recommended it to a number of persons, all express themselves as being benefitted by it. I now walk without crutches, able to perform a great deal of light labor on the farm." 25c, 50c and $1.00 at L. Taggart's.


Religion is the best armor a man can have, but it is the worst cloak.


### Good for Rheumatism.

Last fall I was taken with a severe attack of muscular rheumatism which caused me great pain and annoyance. After trying several prescriptions and rheumatic cures, I decided to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I had seen advertised in the South Jerseyman. After two applications of this remedy I was much better, and after using one bottle, was completely cured.—Sallie Harris, Salem, N. J. For sale by L. Taggart.


Give because you love to give—as the flower pours fourth its perfume.


"A neighbor ran in with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy when my son was suffering with severe cramps and was given up as beyond hope by my regular physician, who stands high in his profession. After administering three doses of it, my son regained consciousness and recovered entirely within twenty-four hours," says Mrs. Marry Haller, of Mt. Crawford, Va. This Remedy is for sale by L. Taggart.


There is just about the same real feeling when girls or billiard balls kiss each other.


### Paint Your Buggy for 75c.

To $1.00 with Devoe's Gloss Carriage Paint It weighs 3 to 8 ozs. more to the pint than others, wears longer, and gives a gloss equal to new work. Sold by Murry & Coppersmith. A


### REDUCED RATES TO RIDGWAY.

**Via Pennsylvania Railroad, on Account of I. O. O. F. Anniversary.**

On account of the meeting of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows' Northwestern Anniversary Association to be held at Ridgway, Pa., April 26, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell special excursion tickets to Ridgway from Waterford, Farrandsville, and intermediate points, including stations between Ridgway and Falls Creek and stations on the Karthaus Branch, from Templeton, East Brady, and intermediate stations; Red Bank, Driftwood, and intermediate stations, including statious on the Sligo Branch; from Cory, Centreville, and intermediate stations; Tionesta, Corydon, and intermediate stations, including stations on the Kinzua Valley Branch; from Bullis Mills, Emporium Junction, and intermediate stations; Larabee, Johnsonburg, and intermediate stations, at reduced rates (minimum rate, twenty-five cents).

Tickets will be sold on April 25 and will be good to return until April 28, inclusive. For specific rates apply to ticket agents. 2263-1t


### A VALUABLE MEDICINE.

**For Coughs and Colds in Children.**

"I have not the slightest hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to all who are suffering from coughs or colds," says Chas. M. Cramer, Esq., a well known watch maker, of Colombo, Ceyloy. "It has been two years since the City Dispensary first called my attention to this valuable medicine and I have repeatedly used it and it has always been beneficial. It has cured me quickly of all chest colds. It is especially effective for children and seldom takes more than one bottle to cure them of hoarseness. I have persuaded many to try this valuable medicine, and they are all as well pleased as myself over the results." For sale by L. Taggart.


The girl who hesitates may not be lost, but she is likely to become an old maid.


**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

**AFTER THE BATTLE**

Some are found bleeding and sore, while others have a fit of the blues. Now if there should be any so unfortunate as to suffer from the effects of accidents we have the Balm for their pains and aches, let it be either for man or beast.

Our liniment and powders for horses or cattle are always the best.

Our medicines are pure and always get there. The prices are right too.

Our patent medicine department is supplied with all the standard remedies and we can supply your on short notice.

Our toilet and fancy goods department we keep up to the times.

Our Prescription department receives our closest attention and all calls answered day or night. Just touch the button. In fact we are here to do business and serve the public.

M. - A. - ROCKWELL,
THE PHARMACIST,

F. X. BLUMLE,

Emporium, Pa.

Bottler and Dealer In

BEER,

WINES,

WHISKIES

And Liquors of all Kinds.

The best of goods always carried in stock and everything warranted as represented.

Special Attention Paid to Mail Orders.

EMPORIUM, PA.

**J. A. Fisher,**

PRACTICAL

Horse Shoer,

Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 1020 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For Sale in Emporium, by R. C. Dodson.

The Place to Buy Cheap

—IS AT—

J. F. PARSONS

GROCERIES.

J. A. KINSLER,

Carries nothing but the best that can be obtained in the line of

Groceries and Provisions,

Flour, Salt and Smoked Meats, Canned Goods, etc.

Teas, Coffees, Fruits, Confectionery, Tobacco and Cigars.

Goods Delivered Free any place in Town.

Call and see me and get prices.

J. A. KINSLER,
Near P. & E. Depot.

Keep your eye on this space after this week.
J. E. Smith is in the eastern cities buying a new stock of Spring and Summer Goods.

J. E. SMITH,
Sterling Run, Pa.

**Consult Your Interests.**

AND SAVE BIG MONEY BY ORDERING NOW

YOUR SPRING SUIT

AT

R. SEGER & COMPANY'S.

We shall give all customers extra bargains during March and April. Fine line of Imported and American goods.

Order your suit early and avoid the rush.

R. SEGER & CO.

Opposite M. E. Church.

HARPER WHISKY

Famous at home for Generations past;
Famous now all over the World.

For sale by

WM. McGEE.

Madam French Female Pills. Dean's

A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.

UNITED MEDICAL CO., Box 74, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Feb. 5, 1901.

| | |
|---|---|
| NEMOPHILA, per sack | $1 15 |
| Graham, " | 60 |
| Rye " | 60 |
| Buckwheat, " | 70 |
| Patent Meal, " | 50 |
| Coarse Meal, per 100, | 1 50 |
| Chop Feed, " | 1 50 |
| Middlings, Fancy " | 1 50 |
| Bran, " | 1 40 |
| Corn, per bushel, | 84 |
| White Oats, " bushel, | 60 |
| Choice Clover Seed, | At Market Prices. |
| Choice Timothy Seed, | |
| Choice Millet Seed, | |
| Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass, | |

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

R. C. DODSON.
Telephone, 19-2.

## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

### PERSONAL GOSSIP.

*Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card or letter, personally.*

Nace Drum, operator in Western Union office, visited his parents at Wyside over Sunday.

W. M. Lawler informs the PRESS that a new tanner appeared at his home last Thursday, tipping the scales at 12½ pounds.

H. W. Martindale, of Lorshbaugh, transacted business in Emporium on Monday and Tuesday. He reports lively times on the Fork.

Thomas Waddington, who has been visiting his old home in Haddersfield, England, for several months, is expected to return to Emporium about the 15th.

M. M Larkin, who was recently appointed Supt. of East Randolph, N. Y., tannery visited in Emporium on Sunday, guest of his brother-in-law and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Lawler.

Miss Marie Nangle left on Saturday for DuBois to attend business college. Miss Nangle has, for several months, been employed in W. D. Johnson's lumber office at this place.

J. Frank Pollock, of Punxsutawney, where he conducts an extensive bakery visited in Emporium over Sunday, guest of his cousin, Mrs. M. A. Rockwell. He returned on Monday, accompanied by Alec Snyder, who will enter his establishment as an apprentice.

Mrs. E. M. Newton is becoming quite popular as a demonstrator at children's parties. She has been favored by invitations to four within a week, and she says that she never quite comprehended what her mission in life ought to be, until the children decided the much mooted question for her.

W. S. Walker came over from Emporium Tuesday. Mr. Walker has broke ground for a very handsome residence on Costello avenue, after the completion of which Emporium may expect to relinquish their claim on him as a citizen.—Austin Autograph. Well, we suppose that is a fact. Much as we regret Mr. Walker's departure we feel that his gain to Austin will be appreciated. We have no better citizens than W. S. Walker and family.

Michael Murphy is able to sit up and is in a fair way to recovery.

Miss Florence Yennie, of Wilcox, visited Miss Flossie Taggart last week.

Hon. J. C. Johnson accompanied his son Fred to Swarthmore last Monday.

Thos. J. Cupp, of Kane, transacted business in town yesterday and to-day.

T. H. Norris continues to improve and is able to set up each day for a few moments.

Thos. Reese, of Shenandoah, visited in town on Tuesday, guest at the Warner House.

Miss Anna Schweikart and brother Henry returned from Williamsport Tuesday afternoon.

Thomas Joyce and son were PRESS visitors on Wednesday, Mr. J. renewing his subscription for another year.

M. J. Robinson, Mrs. M. Fulton and Mrs. G. B. Barclay, Sinnamahoning, registered at Warner House on Tuesday.

Harry McDonald, of Cleveland, returned to his home on Sunday, after attending the funeral of Samuel J. Faucett.

Thos. W. Welsh has purchased the W. S. Walker property on Fifth street, having sold his present home to H. L. Burns.

Mrs. A. W. Baker enjoyed the pleasure of talking over the long distance 'phone, April 1st, with Williamsport friends.

Mrs. R. P. Heilman has returned from an extended visit to the bedside of her sick mother, whom she reports greatly improved.

Misses Nelle Kissel, of Sterling Run, and Christina McPhee, of Driftwood, spent several days last week with Belle Reifsnyder at Renovo.

County Commissioner E. W. Gaskill, and Mr. A. J. Ingersoll, two of Shippen's most reliable citizens, wers PRESS visitors on Wednesday.

Mrs. W. A. Miller, residing in Walker's block, has been very ill for several days, but is improving now, under Dr. Smith's treatment.

Mrs. Goetting, who with her husband and child are boarding with Riley Warner, on Sixth street, we regret to learn this noon, is a very sick woman.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gleason, of Driftwood, have issued cards announcing the birth of a son, Charles Harvey Gleason. The happy event occurred on Wednesday.

Dr. A. W. Baker has been confined to his residence since last Sunday but hopes to be on deck again almost any day. LATER—the doctor is out again and attending to business.

E. J. Smith and family have moved into the house recently vacated by Alex. Macdonell and family, on Sixth street, next door to Councilman Balcom.

Postmaster Seger don't mind being chased by a dog when delivering specials, but draws the line on Alex. McDougalls' geese. Chas. says he was not aware they would bite.

Mrs. R. W. Barrows, of Lock Haven, who was guest of Mrs. Josiah Howard for several days, returned home on Monday's Flyer. Mr. Barrows came up on Sunday and visited with Messrs. Howard.

Joseph Kaye arrived from Wisconsin last Saturday, to remain until Sunday to visit with his family and transact business. He informs the PRESS that the boys in Wisconsin all wished him to remember them to Emporium friends.

Allen Baldwin and E. E. Tate of Emporium, were callers at this office Wednesday morning. Mr. Baldwin is one of this paper's readers in the Cameron county capital and we are pleased to meet him. Both gentlemen are frequent visitors in Austin.—Austin Republican.

Alex. Johns who has been over in the Sinnemahoning valley for several months with W. H. Martindale, was home over Sunday. He did not much relish the idea of driving back; but, as Martindale purchased something this time that could be driven, Alex was obliged to make the start.—Port Allegany Reporter.

John W. Grier, postmaster at Jersey Shore, and publisher of the "Vidette," was an Emporium visitor last Saturday, as well as a PRESS caller. Mr. Grier passed several hours with postmaster Charles Seger. Jersey Shore is booming and none exto! the many advantages presented by that staid old town more enthusiastically than Mr. Grier.

Messrs. Kirk and Villard, largely interested in Climax Powder Company, at this place, visited here this week.

E. J. Jones and wife, of St. Marys, visited in Emporium to-day, having returned from Driftwood, where Mr. Jones delivered the commencement address, last evening, before the graduating class of the High School. Both Mr. Jones and his estimable wife were formerly teachers in Driftwood schools and were accorded a cordial reception. Mr. Jones' address is highly commented upon.

**First-Class Trimmer.**

Having secured the services of Miss Erlbeck, of Olean, who is an expert trimmer, we are now prepared to execute orders for all kinds of millinery.
MRS. I. V. CAVEY,
4th St., opposite City Hotel.

**A Doctor's Bad Plight.**

"Two years ago, as a result of a severe cold, I lost my voice," writes Dr. M. L. Scarbrough, of Hebron, Ohio, "then began an obstinate cough. Every remedy known to me as a practicing physician for 35 years, failed, and I daily grew worse. Being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, I found quick relief, and for the last ten days have felt better than for two years." Positively guaranteed for Throat and Lung troubles by L. Taggart.

If a man has the right stuff in him it's bound to come out. That what makes some men's noses so red.

**The Great Dismal Swamp**

Of Virginta is a breeding ground of Malaria germs. So is low, wet or marshy ground everywhere. These germs cause weakness, chills and fever, aches in the bones and muscles, and may induce dangerous maladies. But Electric Bitters never fail to destroy them and cure malarial troubles. They will surely prevent typhoid. "We tried many remedies for Malaria and Stomach and Liver troubles," writes John Charleston, of Byesville, O., but "but never found anything as good as Electric Bitters." Try them. Only 50c. L. Taggart guarantees satisfaction.

Manners are the final and perfect flower of noble character.

**A Nearly Fatal Runaway.**

Started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. B. Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill., which defied doctors and all remedies for four years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Just as good for Boils, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Corns, Scalds, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25c at L. Taggart's drug store.

Love labor; for if thou dost not want it for food, thou mayest for physic.

**Wields A Sharp Ax.**

Millions marvel at the multitude of maladies cut off by Dr. King's New Life Pills—the most distressing too. Stomach, Liver and Bowel troubles—Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Biliousness, Fever, Malaria, all fall before these wonder workers. 25c at L. Taggart's drug store.

I see that time divided is never long, and that regularity abridges all things.

**Jangling Nerves.**

Are you irritable? Do you sleep badly? Is it hard to concentrate your thoughts? Is your appetite poor? Do you feel tired, restless and despondent? Try Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound. It will do you more good than any thing you have ever tried. Sold by L. Taggart.

**The Best Cold Cure**

Is one you can take without interruption to business. One that does not affect the head or hearing like the continued use of quinine. One that cures speedily and leaves you feeling fresh and clear-headed. Such a one is Krause's Cold Cure. Price 20c. Sold by L. Taggart.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS:—The Hon. CHAS. A. MAYER President Judge and the Hons. JOHN MCDONALD and GEO. A. WALKER, Associate Judges of Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of Cameron have issued their precept bearing date the 22nd day of Dec. A. D., 1901, and to me directed for holding Court of Oyer and Terminer, General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas in the Borough of Emporium, Pa., on Monday, the 28th day of April, 1902, at 10 o'clock, a. m. and to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m., of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other rememberances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizance to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Emporium, Pa., April 7th, 1902, and in the 125th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

J. D. SWOPE, Sheriff.

**Kodol Dyspepsia Cure**
**Digests what you eat.**

### TOUR TO THE YELLOWSTONE PARK.

**Exceptionally Low Rates Offered by the Pennsylvania Railroad on Account of National Educational Association Convention.**

The reduced rates authorized by the transcontinental railroads on account of the Annual Convention of the National Educational Association, to be held in Minneapolis, July 7 to 11, 1902, have enabled the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to offer to those contemplating attendance at this Convention an opportunity, under the direction of its popular Personally-Conducted Tourist System, not only of visiting the beautiful city in which the Convention is to be held, and participating in the deliberations of the Convention, but also of visiting the Yellowstone National Park, at a cost impossible under ordinary conditions of travel.

The Yellowstone Park is never more attractive than during the month of July, and the tourists under the care of the Pennsylvania Railroad will be afforded the fullest opportunity of visiting all its unique attractions, including the Mammoth Hot Springs, the Geysers, the beautiful Lake, and the Grand Cannon of the Yellowstone.

The tour will leave New York and Philadelphia, Saturday, July 5, and return Sunday, July 20, Round-trip tickets, covering all necessary expenses for the entire trip, including one berth in Pullman sleeper, will be sold at rate of $150 from all points on the Pennsylvania Railroad east of Pittsburg. When two persons occupy one berth, the rate will be $142 for each person. Rates from Pittsburg will be $5 less than above.

Tourists will use a special train over the entire trip, with the exception of the six days devoted to the tour of the Park, when stages and the fine hotels maintained in the Park will be utilized. This special train will consist of a Pullman dining car, sleeping cars, and an observation car, all of the highest grade, and the passengers will find them fully as comfortable and convenient as the best hotels. During the three days at the Convention in Minneapolis, July 7 to 9, inclusive, this palatial train will be at the command of the tourists, obviating the necessity of securing accommodations at hotels.

The beauties of the Yellowstone National Park, most aptly termed Nature's Wonderland, must be seen to be appreciated. From the top of the stages in which the tour of the Park is made, there is spread out before the traveler a constantly-changing panorama of wonders—snow-crowned mountains; tumbling and tossing rivers; Yellowstone Lake, like a great blue sea nestled amongst the beetling crags, at an altitude above that of the summit of Mt. Washington; the curious natural springs, where chemical deposits glisten in the sun's rays with all the colors of the rainbow; and the Geysers, ever presenting a scene of varied charm and awe-inspiring wonder.

The accomodations on this tour will necessarily be limited, and intending tourists should apply early in order to secure reservations of space. A detailed itinerary is in course of preparation, and all inquiries regarding accommodations should be addressed to Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pennsylvania Railroad, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa. 2253-7-1t

### PENNSYLVANIA DAY AT CHARLESTON EXPOSITION.

**Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.**

On account of Pennsylvania Day at the South Carolina Institute and West Indian Exposition, Charleston, S. C., April 16, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Charleston and return on April 14 and 15, good to return within eleven days, including date of sale, at the following rates:

| | |
|---|---|
| Philadelphia | $14 00 |
| Reading | 15 35 |
| Wilkesbarre | 17 26 |
| Williamsport | 16 54 |
| Sunbury | 15 35 |
| Harrisburg | 13 74 |
| Lancaster | 13 75 |
| York | 12 91 |
| Lock Haven | 17 28 |
| Corry | 20 75 |
| Erie | 21 00 |
| Oil City | 21 25 |
| Altoona | 17 69 |
| Johnstown | 17 75 |
| Pittsburg | 18 00 |
| Emporium, | 19 50 |

Tickets will also be sold from other stations on its lines within the State of Pennsylvania at proportionate rates. For specific information and conditions of tickets, consult ticket agents.
2260-7-1t

### TRAVEL LIKE PRINCES.

Those who saw the special train in which H. R. H. Prince Henry of Prussia made his tour of the United States are comparing it with other trains in regular service, and it is admitted that none of the cars in the train compare favorably with the buffet, compartment and standard sleeping cars of the Pioneer Limited trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway in daily service between Chicago, St Paul and Minneapolis. The people of this country have the satisfaction of knowing that at any time they cannot only travel like Princes, but can get much better service. 7-3t

### Millions in Gold.

Over seven millions came from the Nome district alone. Government officials estimate the output from the Nome district will be doubled the coming season. The Bluestone, Kougarok and Pilgrim Rivers have been found very rich. There is hardly a creek from Port Clarence to Norton Sound in which the precious metal is not found, with hundreds of creeks not prospected yet.

For information regarding routes, steamships, accommodations and rates to points in Alaska, address C. N. Souther, General Agent Passenger Department, C., M. & St. P. R'y, 95 Adam street, Chicago. 5-3t

THE PRESS IS
THE BEST MEDIUM
FOR ADVERTISERS
IN THIS SECTION. LOW PRICES

*Foley's Honey and Tar*
*cures colds, prevents pneumonia*

## PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

Under this Heading, either Wants, Lost, Found, For Sale, To Rent or business announcements will be published at ONE CENT A WORD.

### WANTED!

WANTED—Energetic men and women to represent us in each county. Exclusive territory; good pay; steady employment. Call on or address, E. C. Jones, 55 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

### FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—The N. J. Swartz property, E. Fifth street, consisting of two houses, water in both; gas in the large house; good cellar, grapary, also ice house filled with ice. Will sell cheap for cash. MRS. N. J. SWARTZ.

### Register's Notice.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss:
COUNTY OF CAMERON, }

NOTICE is hereby given that John B. Wykoff, Administrator of the estate of Bainbridge V. Wykoff, late of Gibson Township, deceased, and J. Vine Hanscom, Administrator of the estate of Frank Herbert Hanscom, late of the Township of Grove, deceased, have filed their first and final accounts of their administration of the said several estates and the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, at April term next, for confirmation *ni. si.*

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Register.
Register's Office, }
Emporium, Pa., March 25th, 1902. } —5-4t.

**Wall Paper.**

At Taggart's Drug Store the finest line ever brought to town. Prices lower than you ever saw them. Double rolls as low as 5c and the very best at 35c. Border just a liitle in advance of paper.

*Paints, Varnish, Stains,*
*Varnish Stains,*
*Enamel,*

in all shades and colors. A better line than ever offered to our people. Don't fail to call and examine.

L. TAGGART.

DR. FENNER'S GOLDEN RELIEF
CUTS BRUISES SPRAINS STINGS RUSTY NAILS COLIC
CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT in 1 to 3 minutes
GRIP COLDS BRONCHITIS SORE THROAT NEURALGIA DIARRHŒA
Druggists 25c, 50c, $1.

R. C. Dodson, Agent,
36-28ly. Emporium, Pa

**We Have What You Need!**

To brush up and make beautiful your home. The season of the year for such work has arrived and we would call the attention of the public to our very large and reliable line of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, the best in the world. In addition to the best paints, we have a first-class line of De Voe & Co.'s Brushes. Get a move on and be prepared to paint before the workmen are all engaged. We can save you money.

While you are painting your home or business place let us talk a little with you on Bath and Closets, Hot Water, Steam or anything in that line. Our increased facilities and expert workmen will do you good work. Don't delay until too late.

Farmers should bear in mind that we handle Plows, Harrows, Rakes, etc. In fact our Hardware, Stove and Plumbing Departments are up to the best.

Write or wire us, when a competent agent will call on you.

Murry & Coppersmith Co.

LETTUCE, CELERY, RADISHES, PARSLEY,
**DAY'S.**
CRAN BERRIES, RIPE TOMATOES, GREEN ONIONS, CUCUMBERS,

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

There's economy in trading where you can get what you want with everything satisfactory.

This store sells what the people want. If we haven't it in stock, just tell us what it is. We can get it for you.

This list for FRIDAY and SATURDAY SALE ought to interest every economical housekeeper. Look it over.

GRANULATED SUGAR, 6c. 25 lb. bags $1.40.

SEEDED RAISINS, lb. 11c. Full 16 oz packages, worth 13c.

SHREDDED WHEAT BISCUIT, the genuine, package 12c.

ITALIAN PRUNES. Another invoice of those large black, meaty prunes is on sale. Lb. 8c, worth 10

CAOCOLATE, cake 20c. Walter Baker's genuine.

CORN STARCH, lb 6c. Strictly pure.

COFFEE. Loose, lb. 11c. Rio and Maricabo blend.

CANNED APRICOTS. Extra Standard, can 16c.

CANNED PEACHES, California yellow Crawford, selected standards, per can 18c.

GARDEN SEEDS. Our new garden seeds are now ready. Peas, Corn and Beans in bulk, as well as the packets. Get your Sweet Pea seed in bulk. You'll be better satisfied.

BUTTER. When your "Butter man" fails to leave you enough to run you till he comes again, remember that you can always get the finest made in the United States, here. That's a broad assertion but we beileve it.

Phone 6.

J. H. DAY.

**Don't be a Rip Van Winkle**

There is no use in fighting a windmill. In other words, it does no good to try to drive the wolf from the door, and continue to pay twice as much for your groceries as you should pay. Quit butting your head against a stone wall. Stop paying three profits on everything you eat. We can show you a better way, a more satisfactory way, a money-saving way. Buy your groceries from us. Buy them as we buy them—for spot cash. Pay but one profit, and that a small one. Buy staples in large quantities instead of in little dribs. The goods here mentioned you will find to be of a quality that will please you, and we know our prices are lower than you can get elsewhere.

We do our own slaughtering of fine steer beef, which is fat, tender and juicy.

Veal, Lamb, Pork, Sausage and Home Corned Beef a specialty. Poultry in season.

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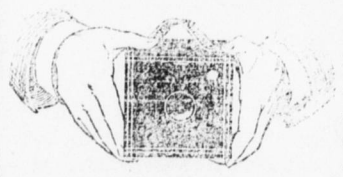

You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

"A Dollar Saved, is a Dollar Earned."

We can save you lots of dollars by buying your Wall Paper, Curtains and Paints of us.

H. S. LLOYD.

## IF LOVE WERE A SONG.

If Love were a Song, I would borrow his voice
And, singing with notes of gold,
Would carry his messages, passing sweet,
To the hearts of the young and the old.
And the tones of my song should be borne along
Like the chiming of bells afar;
And my voice should be heard like a lonely bird,
Or the gleam of a falling star,
If Love were a Song.

If Love were a Flower, I would borrow his form,
And softly his heart unfold
To the whispering sigh of the scented wind
Sweeping over the hills of gold.
And the blue in the eyes of the morning skies
More radiantly fair should shine;
And the crimson streak on the mountain's cheek
Should deepen at sight of mine,
If Love were a Flower.

But if Love were a Song, he would languish and die
With the effort that gave him birth.
And if Love were a Flower, he must wither and fade,
And his glory must fall to earth;
But his spirit is bright, like the shaft of light
That shines out in the heart of a storm,
And love doth last an eternity past,
An eternity still to come!
For Love is our Home!
—Jessie Acheson, in N. Y. Weekly.

# My Strangest Case

**BY GUY BOOTHBY.**

**Author of "Dr. Kikola," "The Beautiful White Devil," "Pharos, The Egyptian," Etc.**

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PART IV.—CONTINUED.

"There's more in the case than meets the eye," he said, suspiciously; "and I fancy, if only we could see the bottom of it, we should discover that your two proteges are as fine a pair of rascals as could be found on the continent of Asia."

"I don't know anything about that," Grantham replied. "I only know that they were a miserable couple, and that I did the best I could for them. You wouldn't have had me leave them in the jungle, surely?"

"I am not aware I have said so," the other answered, stiffly. "The only thing I object to is your treating them as if they were martyrs, when in all probability they deserve all the punishment they received."

Grantham was too wise to carry the argument any further. He knew that when Handiman was in his present humor the best thing to do was to leave him alone in it. He accordingly returned to the hut where the two men were domiciled, and attended to their comfort, as far as lay in his power. His heart had been touched by their misery. He did not give as a reason for the trouble he took the fact that the face of the elder man reminded him of his own venerable father, the worthy old Somersetshire vicar; it was a fact, nevertheless. For a week the unfortunate couple were domiciled at the ford, and during that time Grantham attended to their wants with the assiduity of a blood relation. Meanwhile Handiman scoffed and bade him take heed for the valuables, lest his new-found friends should appropriate them. He did not believe in honest gratitude, he declared, particularly where homeless wanderers in the Burmese jungle were concerned. At last, however, they were so far recovered as to be able to proceed on their way once more.

"We have to thank you for our lives, sir," said Kitwater to Grantham, when the time came for them to say good-by to the ford. "Had it not been for you we would probably be dead men now. I don't know whether we shall ever be able to repay your kindness, that is with Allah, but if the opportunity should ever arise you may be sure we will not neglect it. Whatever we may be now, you may take it that we were gentlemen once. There's just one favor I should like to ask of you, sir, before we part!"

"What is it?" Grantham inquired.

"I want you, sir, to give me a letter of introduction to the gentleman in your regiment who looked after the stranger you told me of, when he came here out of China. I've got a sort of notion in my head that even if he is not our friend, that is to say the man we are searching for, he may happen to know something of him."

"I will give you the letter with pleasure," Grantham replied. "I am sure Gregory will be only too pleased to help you as far as lies in his power."

The letter was accordingly written and handed to Kitwater, who stowed it away in his pocket as if it were a priceless possession. Then, when they had bade their protector farewell, they in their turn set off along the track that Hayle had followed two months before, and in due course arrived at Bhamo. Here they presented the letter they had obtained to Capt. Charles Pauncefort Gregory, who, as may be supposed, received it with manifest astonishment.

"Well," said he, "of all the stories I have heard since I have been in the east, this is the most extraordinary. I thought that other chap was about as unfortunate a beggar as could well be, but you beat him hollow at every turn. Now, look here, before I go any further, I must have my friend with me. He is the man who discovered the other chap, and I'm sure he would like to hear your story."

Dempsey was accordingly summoned, and his wonderment was as great as his friend's had been.

"Now," said Gregory, when Dempsey had been made familiar with the other's story, "what is it you want to know about the man we picked up? Ask your questions, and we'll do the best we can to answer them."

In reply to Kitwater's questions, Gregory and Dempsey described, as far as they were able, the appearance of the man whom they had helped. The schedule was in a great measure satisfactory, but not altogether. There were so many English in Burmah who were tall, and who had dark eyes and broad shoulders. Little Codd leant towards his companion, and, taking his hand, made some signs upon it.

"That's so, my little man," said Kirtwater, nodding his head, approvingly. "You've hit the nail on the head." Then, turning to Gregory, he continued: "Perhaps, sir, you don't happen to remember whether he had any particular mark upon either of his wrists?"

Gregory replied that he had not noticed anything extraordinary, but Dempsey was by no means so forgetful.

"Of course he had," he answered. "I remember noticing it for the first time when I pulled him out of the ford and afterwards when he was in bed. An inch or so above his left wrist he had a tattooed snake swallowing his own tail. It was done in blue and red ink, and was as nice a piece of work as ever I have seen."

"I thank you, sir," Kitwater replied, "you've hit it exactly. By the living thunder he's our man, after all. Heaven bless you for the news you have given us. It puts new life into me. We'll find him yet, Coddy, my boy. I thank you, sir, again and again."

He held out his hand, which Dempsey felt constrained to shake. The man was trembling with excitement.

"I tell you, sir," he continued, "that you don't know how we loved that man. If it takes the whole of our lives, and if we have to tramp the whole world over to do it, we'll find him yet!"

"And if I'm not mistaken, it will be a bad day for him when you do find him," put in Gregory, who had been an observant spectator of the scene. "Why should you hate him so?"

"How do you know that we do hate him?" Kitwater asked, turning his sightless face in the direction whence the other's voice proceeded. "Hate him, why should we hate him? We have no grudge against him, Coddy, my boy, have we?"

Mr. Codd shook his head gravely. No! they certainly had no grudge. Nothing more was to be gleaned from them. Whatever their connection with George Bertram or Gideon Hayle may have been, they were not going to commit themselves. When they had inquired as to his movements after leaving Bhamo, they dropped the subject altogether, and, thanking the officers for the courtesy shown them, withdrew.

Their manifest destitution, and the misery they had suffered, had touched the kindly white residents of that far off place, and a subscription was raised for them, resulting in the collection of an amount sufficient to enable them to reach Rangoon in comparative comfort. When they arrived at that well-known seaport, they visited the residence of a person with whom it was plain they were well acquainted. The interview was presumably satisfactory on both sides, for

ON A SUNDAY IN THE INDIAN OCEAN KITWATER HELD A SERVICE ON THE DECK.

when they left the house Kitwater squeezed Codd's hand, saying as he did so:

"We'll have him yet, Coddy, my boy, mark my words, we'll have him yet. He left in the Jemadar, and he thinks we are lying dead in the jungle at this moment. It's scarcely his fault that we are not, is it? But when we get hold of him, we'll — well, we'll let him see what we can do, won't we, old boy? He stole the treasure and sneaked away, abandoning us to our fate. In consequence I shall never see the light again; and you'll never speak to mortal man. We've Mr. Gideon Hayle to thank for that, and if we have to tramp round the world to do it, if we have to hunt for him in every country on the face of the earth, we'll repay the debt we owe him."

Mr. Codd's bright little eyes twinkled in reply. Then they shook hands solemnly together. It would certainly prove a bad day for Gideon Hayle should he ever have the ill-luck to fall into their hands.

Two days later they shipped aboard the mailboat as steerage passengers for England. They had been missionaries in China, so it was rumored on board, and their zeal had been repaid by the cruelest torture. On a Sunday in the Indian ocean, Kitwater held a service on deck, which was attended by every class. He preached an eloquent sermon on the labors of the missionaries in the far east, and from that moment became so popular on board that, when the steamer reached English waters, a subscription was taken up on behalf of the sufferers, which resulted in the collection of an amount sufficient to help them well on their way to London as soon as they reached Liverpool.

"Now," said Kitwater, as they stood together at the wharf with the pitiless English rain pouring down upon them, wetting them to the skin, "what we have to do is to find Gideon Hayle as soon as possible."

CHAPTER I.

It has often struck me as being a remarkable circumstance that, in nine cases out of ten, a man's success in life is not found in the career he originally chose for himself, but in another and totally different one. That mysterious power, "force of circumstances," is doubtless responsible for this, and no better illustration for my argument could be found than my own case. I believe my father intended that I should follow the medical profession, while my mother hoped I would enter the church. My worthy uncle, Clutterfield, the eminent solicitor of Lincoln's Inn Fields, offered me my articles, and would possibly have eventually taken me into partnership. But I would have none of these things. My one craving was for the sea. If I could not spend my life upon salt water, existence would have no pleasure for me. My father threatened, my mother wept, Uncle Clutterfield prophesied all sorts of disasters, but I remained firm.

"Very well," said my father, when he realized that further argument was hopeless, "since you must go to sea, go to sea you certainly shall. But you mustn't blame me if you find that the life is not exactly what you anticipate, and that you would prefer yourself on dry land once more."

I willingly gave this promise, and a month later left Liverpool as an apprentice on the clipper ship Maid of Normandy. Appropriately enough the captain's name was Fairweather, and he certainly was a character in his way. In fact the whole ship's company were originals. Had my father searched all England through he could not have discovered a set of men, from the captain to the cook's mate, who would have been better calculated to instil in a young man's heart a distaste for Father Neptune and his oceans. In the number of the various books of the sea I have encountered was one entitled: "A Floating Hell." When reading it I had not expected to have the misfortune to be bound aboard a vessel of this type. It was my lot, however, to undergo the experience. We carried three apprentices, including myself, each of whom had paid a large sum for the privilege. I was the youngest. The eldest was the son of a country parson, a mild, decent lad, who eventually deserted and became a house-painter in the South Island of New Zealand. The next was washed overboard when we were rounding the Horn on our homeward voyage. Poor lad, when all was said and done he could not have been much worse off, for his life on board was a disgrace to what is sometimes erroneously called "human nature." In due course, as we cleared for San Francisco, and long before we crossed the line, I was heartily tired of the sea. In those days, few years ago as it is, sailors were not so well protected even as they are now, and on a long voyage aboard a sailing ship it was possible for a good deal to happen that was not logged, and much of which was forgotten before the vessel reached its home-port again. When I returned from my first voyage my family inquired how I liked my profession, and with all truth, I informed them that I did not like it at all, and that I would be willing to have my indentures canceled and to return to shore life once more, if I might be so permitted. My father smiled grimly, and seemed to derive considerable satisfaction from the fact that he had prophesied disaster from the outset.

"No," he said, "you have made your bed, my lad, and now you must lie upon it. There is still a considerable portion of your apprenticeship to be served, and it will be quite soon enough for us at the end of that time to decide what you are to do."

A month later I was at sea again, bound this time for Sydney. We reached that port on my nineteenth birthday, and by that time I had made up my mind. Articles or no articles, I was determined to spend no more of my life on board that hateful ship. Accordingly, one day having obtained shore leave, I purchased a new rig-out and, leaving my sea-togs with the Jewish shopman, I made tracks, as the saying goes, into the bush with all speed. Happen what might, I was resolved that Capt. Fairweather should not set eyes on George Fairfax again.

From that time onward my career was a strange one. I became a veritable Jack-of-all-trades. A stationhand, a roustabout, shearer, assistant to a traveling hawker, a gold miner, and at last a trooper in one of the finest bodies of men in the world, the Queensland mounted police. It was in this curious fashion that I arrived at my real vocation. After a considerable period spent at headquarters, I was drafted to a station in the far west. There was a good deal of horse and sheep stealing going on in that particular locality, and a large amount of tact and ingenuity was necessary to discover the criminals. I soon found that this was a business at which I was likely to be successful. More than once I had the good fortune to be able to bring to book men who had carried on their trade for years, and who had been entirely unsuspected. Eventually my reputation in this particular line of business became noised abroad, until it came to the ears of the commissioner himself. Then news reached us that a dastardly murder had been committed in the suburbs of Brisbane, and that the police were unable to obtain any clew as to the identity of the person accountable for it. Two or three men were arrested on suspicion, but were immediately discharged on being in a position to give a satisfactory account of their actions on the night of the murder. It struck me that I should like to take up the case, and with the confidence of youth I applied to the commissioner for permission to be allowed to try my hand at unraveling the mystery. What they thought of my impudence I cannot say, but the fact remains that my request, after being backed up by my inspector, was granted. The case was a particularly complicated one, and at one time I was beginning to think that I should prove no more successful than the others had been. In the end, however, I came upon the murderer, who, seeing himself very neatly trapped, placed a revolver to his right temple and, before I could prevent him, pulled the trigger.

At the conclusion of this case I resigned my position in the police of the northern colony, and joined the detective staff in Melbourne, seeing in their service a good deal of queer life and ferreting out not a small number of extraordinary cases. The experience gained there was invaluable, and led me, after one particularly interesting piece of business in which I had the good fortune to be most successful, to entertain the notion of quitting government employ altogether, and setting up for myself. I did so, and soon had more work upon my hand than I could very well accomplish. But I was too ambitious to be content with small things, and eventually came to the conclusion that there was not enough scope in the colonies for me. After 15 years' absence, therefore, I returned to England, spending a year in the further east en route in order to enlarge my experience, and to qualify myself for any work that might come to me from that quarter.

On a certain bitterly cold day in January I reached Liverpool from the United States, and took the train for my old home. My father and mother had long since died, and now all that remained to me of them was the stone slab that covered their resting place in the quiet little churchyard at the foot of the hill.

"Well, here I am," I said to myself, "33 years old and alone in the world. Nobody knows me in England, but it won't be my fault if they don't hear of George Fairfax before very long. I'll be off to London and try my fortune there."

[To Be Continued.]

## WHAT HE WANTED.

**The Man with the Fluent Fount of Tears Was Ready to Weep Anywhere.**

There are funny incidents in the life of a photographer. A man came in the other day and looked over all the samples, asking the price of each, says the Edinburgh Scotsman.

"Do you want a sitting?" I asked.

"I don't see nothin' like what I want," he replied.

I told him, if he would indicate what he wanted, that I might arrange it.

"I don't know as you can," he said, "for I don't see nothin' at all like what I want."

I repeated what I had already said. He asked me to sit while he told me.

"You see, it's like this," he began. "I had a girl that I loved, and we was going to git married. She had her things made up, and we was all but ready, when she was taken ill and died. And what I wanted was a picture of me sittin' on her grave weepin'."

I was touched at the homely story of grief, and told him I could send a man with him to the grave and have the picture taken as he desired.

"It's some distance," he said. "It's over in Ireland. I expect it 'ud cost a lot to send over your traps for what I want?"

I said it would.

"I thought," he answered, "that mebbe you could rig up a grave here in your shop and I would weep on it, and it would do just as well. It's no trouble for me to weep anywhere."

**Reciprocity Limited.**

In May and June steamers laden with green peas and strawberries leave Brittany daily for England. These are the spoils of the rich lands about Brest.

After Fashoda and the Dreyfus affair, when an anti-English feeling was rampant, a grocer of this district, distinguished in his abuse of the British, denounced the whole race as "despicable preserve-merchants."

"Why 'despicable preserve-merchants?'" some one asked.

"Because they make the jams they sell to us. They have no sugar and no fruit. Despicable? Why, they take our sugar and our fruit, and they make us buy their jams!"

A story as slight as this from Rev. S. Baring-Gould's "Book of Brittany" would be overweighted by the addition of a moral, but it may be hinted that to err peasants and politicians—of a certain stripe—are liable alike.

**Turned Over to Mary.**

A recently published story of the late Lord Morris illustrates his scorn of red tape and petty details.

A question had arisen as to the cost of heating the Irish law courts, and a consequential treasury official was sent over from London to Dublin on purpose to investigate the matter.

When he introduced himself and explained his errand, Lord Morris smiled with suspicious blandness and said:

"Certainly, I will put you in communication with the person immediately in charge of that department."

Then he sent out a messenger, and presently there entered an old charwoman. Lord Morris arose and left the room, saying as he did so:

"Mary, here is the young man to see about the coal."

**Brings Him Out Every Time.**

You never really know a man unless you allow yourself to owe him money. —Chicago Daily News.

## POST CHECK MONEY.

**A New Suggestion for the Easy and Safe Transmission of Currency Through the Mails.**

A clear-headed business man has put his practical mind to work and evolved a sensible plan for postal currency which has been embodied in the McMillan-Gardner bill now before congress. It seems to be altogether the best suggestion yet put forth for securing a safe and convenient method of sending money through the mail.

In brief, it is proposed to re-issue all one, two and five-dollar treasury notes, coin or silver certificates now in circulation and have the faces of the new bills provided with blank lines. This would be the ordinary money of the day. When one wishes to send money by mail, say $2.00, he takes such a bill from his pocketbook, writes on its face the name of the person or firm to whom it is to go, the city and state, affixes and cancels a two-cent stamp in the square indicated (one-cent stamp for actional bills), and signs his name on the back. The bill which previously was negotiable money now becomes a personal check on the United States government for $2.00, as safe for transmission as any bank check. It is enclosed in a letter to the person or firm desired and is collected by the receiver upon identification at the post office named, a new bill being given for the old one.

The scheme would be of great benefit to farmers, business men and publishers; ladies would appreciate its convenience. Business houses now receive large quantities of postage stamps through the mails. One Chicago publisher reports the receipt of $350,000 in stamps in one year, nearly $1,000 per day. Others have this same experience on a smaller scale. With post check money this nuisance is avoided as well as the tiresome and time-consuming trip to the post office to secure a money order; a convenient, safe and instantly available form of money is supplied with which the public can safely transact mail business which now aggregated in small sums upwards of two billion dollars a year. The small fee charged would probably aggregate a larger revenue to the government than is received from the present money order system. The continual retirement and re-issuing of these bills would insure clean money and keep the circulation at par.

The financial policy of the government is not disturbed, the only change being in the form of printing upon the bills. The inventor offers the government his patent free of cost upon adoption. The acceptance of this system would be hastened if all who desire it would write their senators and representatives in Washington urging its adoption.

## A CASE OF PROVIDENCE.

**Jones Had Everything Fixed All Right So There Was No Blame Coming to Him.**

"I have heard more or less about the ways of Providence," said a Detroiter who was in a reflective mood the other day, relates the Free Press, "and I can cite what looks like a fair instance of it. I was in the western part of the state this last winter, and business took me out to a farm where a portable steam engine was sawing wood. Things were running at high pressure, with half a dozen men at work, and I sat down on a log with my man to talk business. An engineer might have noticed by the hiss of the steam that the water in the boiler of the engine was low, but of course I had no suspicions. I had been talking for perhaps ten minutes when a big rat ran out from under a pile of wood and made for the barn. Some one raised a yell, and we all jumped up and grabbed clubs and started after the rodent. The snow was deep enough to bother him, and we overtook him about 200 feet from the engine. We were in a circle and whacking at him when there was a roar like a cannon and every man was knocked flat. The boiler had burst, and if we had kept our places not a man of us would have escaped death. As it was, no one was even hurt. A justice of the peace came along just then and said he thought he'd better hold an inquest.

"'As no one has been killed, what's the use of an inquest?' was asked.

"'To fix the blame for the burst-up,' he replied.

"'But how are you going to do it?'

"'You'll see. Now, then, Jones, you was running the engine?'

"'I was.'

"'You know all about engines and boilers?'

"'I do.'

"'Steam wasn't too high nor water too low in this case?'

"'No, sir.'

"'Everything just as it should be when she took a bust, and you can swear to it?'

"'Yes, sir.'

"'All right. When a biler busts either Jones or Providence is to blame for it, and as Jones has cleared himself there's nothing to do but to lay it on to Providence and be durned glad it was no worse!'"

**Dummy Weapons for Officers.**

The new war office regulations will lay down that an officer is still to carry a revolver in his belt, but is also to be equipped with a carbine. Some wiseacre has induced the authorities to add that no carbine ammunition whatever is to be allowed. The carbine is to be merely a dummy weapon, the idea being to make the officer as little distinguishable from his men as possible, but at the same time to prevent him from yielding to the temptation to shoot when he should be looking after his men.—Allahabad Pioneer.

## THE "WATER CURE."

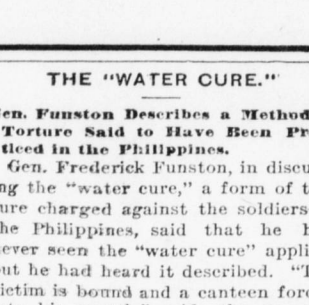
**Gen. Funston Describes a Method of Torture Said to Have Been Practiced in the Philippines.**

Gen. Frederick Funston, in discussing the "water cure," a form of torture charged against the soldiers in the Philippines, said that he had never seen the "water cure" applied, but he had heard it described. "The victim is bound and a canteen forced into his mouth," said the general. "His head is thrown upward and back and his nose grasped by the fingers of the torturer. Strangulation follows as a matter of course. When the victim is about suffocated the application is released and he is given a chance to talk on recovery or take another dose of it. The operation is brutal beyond a doubt, but hardly fatal.

"The charges which I have just refuted at the request of the war department was most vague. It was made by 'a soldier' and to the effect that he had 'helped administer the water cure to 160 natives.' That is the kind of rot a soldier is apt to write home when business is dull and he has three or four beers under his jacket to help his imagination. Nothing of the kind ever occurred with the knowledge of the officers or ever occurred at all, for that matter."

**Possibility of the Future.**

If Eastern Siberia grows in the next 50 years as our western states have grown in the last half century, remarks the Chicago Inter Ocean, the people of Siberia and the United States will be singing "Hands Across the Sea" to a new tune.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## PUZZLE PICTURE.

FIND PRINCE HENRY.

## AMERICAN SPONGE CULTURE.

**Interesting Account of the Labors of the United States Fish Commission in That Direction.**

During the past winter the United States fish commission continued in Florida waters certain experiments which were begun last year in the propagation of sponges. Though it is as yet too early to be confident of results, the success thus far obtained has been very gratifying. That sponges of commercial varieties can be planted and grown by artificial means seems to be proved, and it only remains to ascertain whether the work can be made profitable on a large scale.

Reckless fishing has seriously diminished the supply of sponges along the shores of Florida, and it is of urgent importance that something be done to increase the crop, says the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post. The process of artificial culture is simple enough, pieces about the size of one's thumb being cut from living sponges and attached with wires to boards, poles or pieces of rock in water only a few feet deep. The cutting is done on a wet board with a knife or a fine saw, care being taken to retain the outer skin as far as possible and to avoid injury to the animal So rapidly do the cuttings grow that within from two to five years they are large enough for market.

The fish commission steamer Fish Hawk has been ordered south to continue the experiments which are being conducted in Biscayne bay and on the shores of Sugarloaf Key. Ordinarily the cuttings are made from deformed sponges that have little market value, but they assume symmetrical shape during growth Quiet water, a firm bottom, and the absence of muddy sediment are essential conditions. Enemies there are few to guard against, though some hermit-crabs are said to eat sponges.

Of course, the sponge commerce is in reality only the skeleton of the sponge animal The living creature is covered with a thin, slimy skin, perforated by numerous canals which run through it. Through these canals currents of water are constantly kept flowing by means of little hairlike appendages which line them, and in this way the minute organisms on which the sponge feeds are supplied. A sponge combines both sexes, and the young are simply thrown out into the water. They swim about for awhile, and after a few hours settle down, attaching themselves to some suitable surface and beginning to grow.

It is a notable fact that the fishery for sponges is confined to a single state of the union, Florida, though the product is more generally employed and has a wider range of usefulness than any other commercial article yielded by American waters. There is scarcely a civilized habitation in the country in which the sponge is not in daily use.

It is a curious fact that the three most important American species—"sheepswool," "yellow" and "glove"—seem to be pretty much the same as the leading Mediterranean sponges, which go under the names of "horse," "bath" and "zimocca." Though for general purposes there is no better sponge than the Florida sheepswool, some of the foreign sponges, such as those used in surgical practice, are more delicate and bring much higher prices—occasionally as much as $50 a pound.

The possibility of transplanting to our own waters some of the best of the foreign sponges has been seriously suggested. It is thought that a small colony of them, properly cared for and used for propagation, might form a beginning from which a valuable industry could be developed. One difficulty in the way of this kind of submarine agriculture, if such a term may be applied to the planting and reaping of an animal crop, is that the sponge fishermen in Florida are much opposed to it. They fear the absorption of the business by capitalists.

Meanwhile, the Florida sponge fishery is being rapidly destroyed by overfishing and lack of protection. An incidental cause of trouble is the so-called "black water," which comes about once in a decade and destroys the sponges, causing immense numbers of them to float up to the surface of the sea. Some think that this poisonous water is due to submarine volcanic disturbance, but the question is in dispute. In 1878 there was a plague of this kind so disastrous that all the sponging grounds from Cedar Keys southward to 40 miles north of Key West were ruined.

The Florida sponge fishery yields about 300,000 pounds of sponges every year. More than seven-eighths of the business is carried on at Key West, where the sponges are prepared for market by permitting them to rot in the sun; then, after being washed clean, they are sold at auction. The sheepswool sponge, for most purposes, has no superior anywhere, being more durable than the best Mediterranean sponges, though somewhat coarser. It grows to good commercial size in one year.

### White Mice for Submarines.

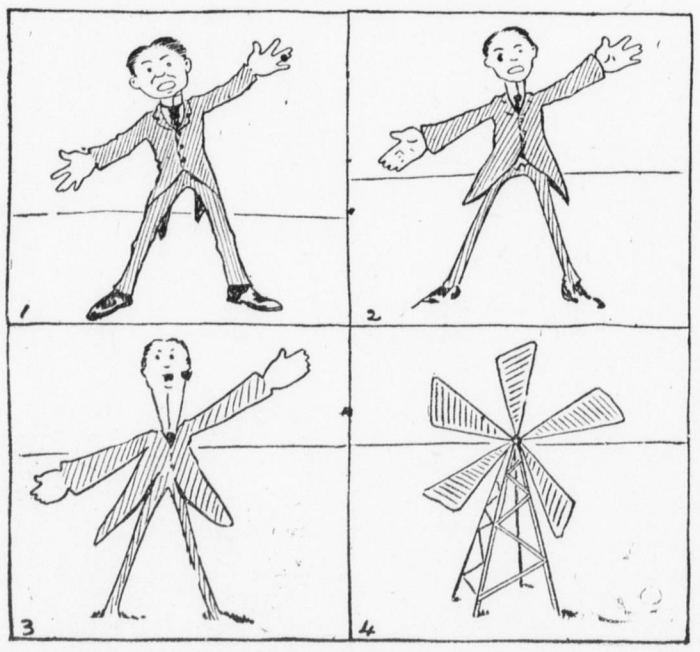
Gasoline is, it appears, the fuel most suitable for submarines; but human sensations give no more warning when its collected fumes are becoming dangerous. White mice, however, are said to be extremely sensitive to this poison, and perish incontinently before human beings begin to suffer the slightest ill effects. So in all submarines of the future cages full of white mice are to be kept on the floor, whence the heavy emanations gradually rise, and it will always be some one's duty to go around and see how the mice are getting on.—Country Life.

### Knew What Work Was.

The Tramp—Could you tell me, sir, how I can find work?

Bilyuns—Sure; buy an automobile and try to keep it in running order!—Baltimore Herald.

## THE EVOLUTION OF AN ORATOR.

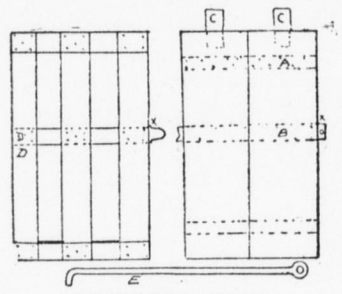


## FARM & GARDEN

## PORTABLE HOG CHUTE.

**It Can Be Carried Around Easily and Adjusts Itself Readily to Any Height of Wagon.**

To make chute to load hogs into farm wagon, make bottom out of one inch oak plank, 32 inches wide; eight feet long, with two cross pieces marked a at each end, ten inches from the end of 2x4; one cross piece 2x4 in middle marked b three inches wider than bottom, with hole two inches from edge of bottom, with two iron dogs at one end to rest on bottom of wagon box marked c. The sides should be made same length, 30 inches high with three battens of 1x4 or 1x6 inch plank, batten of same dimensions with a wagon body strap rivited on middle batten, with thumb nut on the end. Set on side of bottom and screw up nut, and you have a truss that will hold any weight. An eye bolt marked d through bottom at d and then a hook (e) with eye on



SIMPLE HOG CHUTE.

one-half inch rod connected to eye on one side, and hook on the other to hook in an eye-bolt on the other side, keeps the sides from being pressed apart. If desired the bottom can be made the same width and length of wagon-box, which when taken down makes a good cover for box or rack for hauling hogs. I consider a hog chute an indispensable device on a well arranged farm, and this one is superior to any I have seen, the majority being so clumsy and heavy that it takes two or three men to move them. But this one can be taken on the wagon where needed; then it adjusts itself to any height of wagon or any place.—W. B. Osborn, in Agricutural Epitomist.

## IDEAL FEED FOR HOGS.

**Skim Milk, Mixed with Ground or Whole Grain, Produces Most Satisfactory Results.**

I regard skim milk as a valuable part of the hog ration, worth at least 30 cents per hundred pounds, when mixed with grain either whole or ground, writes J. H. Crowley in the Kansas Farmer.

That is, if a dollar's worth of feed be used for hogs, 30 cents' worth, or 100 pounds of skim milk, would make the ration more valuable than if the whole dollar was used for grain with only water instead of skim milk. This skim milk keeps the hog healthy, and, therefore, thrifty, preventing constipation and its attending evils, especially swine plague or hog cholera, the dread of all farmers raising hogs. In fact, I cannot recall a case of hog cholera or other disease among hogs where skim milk formed a good part of the hog ration. I have in mind notably the case of one of our station patrons who recently sold a nice, thrifty hog on this market weighing some 400 pounds, fed and raised wholly on skim milk from this station, which shows that we can make porkers equal to the best grain-fed and more healthy than those fed on grain alone. If this result of feeding skim milk can be obtained in one instance why can it not be obtained in many and by any farmer.

### Green Cut Bone for Hens.

For laying hens there is nothing equal to green cut bone. My Buff Rocks are wonderful egg machines. I have not yet seen their equal. I feed cut bone every day (if I have it) right from the cutter, for old and young fowls. In winter mix it with cut clover soaked over night, and for grain feed wheat or oats with occasionally a little corn. In summer the fowls have free range and can get plenty of grass and in winter get all the cut clover they will eat. The wheat is fed in scratching shed a foot deep with leaves. At this season farmers and poultrymen have pullets which they wish to lay. A bone cutter would be a profitable investment. The cut bone is just what the poultry need. It is cheap and saves feeding so much grain. —Commercial Poultry.

### How to Ring Rooting Hogs.

The farmer should ring the hogs' noses when he finds them rooting where he does not want them to root. Then his temper is about right to do the work promptly and well. We have a light rack, just large enough to hold common-sized hogs. The top is open and the sides and ends are made of round, upright sticks, the size of fork handles. Both ends open by sliding up. We place this rack in a narrow doorway at the stable and let a hog in. Then we pull his nose up with a slip noose rope and put a ring in the nose. We let the hog pass out at the other end of the rack. It is narrow, so the hog cannot turn in it. Have a small ring at the end of the rope making the slip noose to make it close and open easily.—Farmers' Voice.

## CORN DIET FOR HENS.

**Many Poultrymen Advocate It, Although Grain Is Not by Any Means an Ideal Ration.**

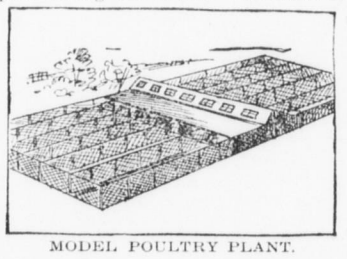
One reason why farmers do not realize more from their poultry, I believe, is because they make corn the main diet. Corn is considered by them to be the cheapest feed and the handiest to feed, for, by throwing it out on the ear, the hens are given more or less exercise in picking it off, hence the owner is saved the labor of scattering the grain in the litter for the fowls to scratch out. But I have little faith in this plan of exercising and feeding fowls, says V. M. Couch in the Poultry Monthly. With a good many farmers corn is probably a cheap food, but even this depends somewhat upon the season of the year, the climate and whether the hens have free range or not. In cold weather corn may be fed quite liberally to laying stock without injury, and also to fowls having farm range, but when given in the way that many feed it, by spreading it on the ground before the hens three times a day, all they will eat, I believe that it is expensive hen feed. Very many attribute the increase of eggs to corn, when, in fact, the corn has produced eggs more by keeping the hens warm than through the supply of egg elements afforded.

Eggs cannot be made to any great extent by corn alone, or for a long time, for the reason that a hen fed nothing but corn will be unable to supply the mineral elements of the eggs, and while she may by eating largely of corn find sufficient nitrogen for an egg, she will sooner or later become excessively fat from too much carbon. A very economical and good feed for winter egg production is a mixture of clover, cut in half-inch lengths and scalded, with corn meal and bran. This is a very complete ration on all the elements necessary for eggs. It supplies bulky food, promotes digestion, affords a variety and costs less than any other food that I have been able to get. When a hen leaves corn for other feed, it means that she wants something not fully supplied by corn. Without exception, the best results may be had from a varied diet, and while a hen may do very well on corn, she will do better on a variety. It is not an easy matter to make up a perfectly balanced ration for a laying hen. While she is producing eggs she will use a vast amount of raw material, but if she stops laying a corn diet will soon ruin her. A concentrated food for hens should be avoided. Milk added daily to other food assists largely in supplying many needed elements not easily obtained from other sources. Clover, vegetables, milk, meat and corn or wheat are better than any single article.

## LARGE POULTRY PLANT.

**Double House Facing South, with Two Rows of Roomy Pens for Birds of All Ages.**

The plan portrayed is shown in response to a request from H. T. P., of Salford, Ont., who wishes to build a house 25 by 70 feet with two rows of pens facing the south. The house is



MODEL POULTRY PLANT.

in successful use by a Del poultryman. It is 27 feet wide, including three-foot passageway, and 70 feet long, divided into six pens with corresponding yards. The windows in the slanting fronts admit the winter sun to all the pens. The cost is less than for the same number of pens in a single row, while the care

INSIDE OF POULTRY HOUSE.

of the poultry is simplified. The plan shows the important dimensions. The roots, r, are separated from the nests, n, by the droppings board, d. The food and water dishes, ff, open into the passageway.—G. B. Fiske, in Farm and Home.

### Reforesting Waste Regions.

There is much land that will not be again valuable for generations except to the state. In the reforesting of lands the adjacent property is often as greatly benefited as the area in forest. The state can thus derive a larger revenue from the work than can any private individual. The state can afford to reforest land even if the annual direct income from the reforested area be only one per cent., for the people of the state reap other benefits from it. No private individual can afford to invest money with so slight annual returns.—Farmers' Review.

### Fresh Vegetables for Hens.

Hens deprived of green foods will not lay as well as when their needs in this direction are attended to. All the turnips, beets, carrots and roots of all kinds, large and small, should be saved and given them. These vegetables and herbs are good for poultry, cows and hogs. They are a good substitute for green food for hens. Peelings of potatoes, turnips and vegetables of all kinds, including apple peelings, should be saved for the poultry. Cut up fine and boiled and mixed with mash feed for the fowls, this furnishes them a splendid food. Such savings will be worth a dollar a bushel in winter and will do the hens more good than they could do the hogs if fed to them.—Eastern Shore Farmer.

Mrs. Francis Podmore, President W. C. T. U., Saranac Lake, New York, Owes Her Health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Read Her Letter.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For several years after my last child was born I felt a peculiar weakness, such as I never had experienced before, with severe pains in the ovaries and frequent headaches.

"I tried the doctor's medicines and found it money worse than wasted. A friend who had been cured through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** advised me to try it. I did so, also your Sanative Wash, and I must say I never experienced such relief before. Within six weeks I was like another woman. I felt young and strong and happy once more.

"This is several years ago, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is my only medicine. If I ever feel bad or tired a few doses brings instant relief."—MRS. FRANCIS PODMORE.

**$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.**

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

**ALABASTINE**

**THE ONLY DURABLE WALL COATING**

The Doctor—"One layer of paper is bad enough; you have three here. Baby may recover, but cannot thrive."

Kalsomines are temporary, rot, rub off and scale.

SMALL POX and other disease germs are nurtured and diseases disseminated by wall paper.

ALABASTINE should be used in renovating and disinfecting all walls.

**ALABASTINE COMPANY, Grand Rapids, Mich.**


### Hall Caine's Greeting.

"When Hall Caine, whose resemblance to Shakespeare is well known, landed in New York on a trip to America, he was accosted by the late Ignatius Donnelly, a stranger to him, with the words:

"Lord Bacon, I presume."—"Lives of the 'Lustrious."


**$33.00 to California, Oregon and Washington.**

Chicago & Northwestern Ry. from Chicago daily, March and April, only $6.00 for berth in tourist car. Personally conducted excursions Tuesdays and Thursdays from Chicago and Wednesdays from New England. Illustrated pamphlet sent on receipt of two cent stamp by S. A. Hutchison, Manager, 212 Clark street, Chicago.

Check Cold and Bronchitis with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.


Man's greatest enemy is man.—Puck.

Recompense injury with justice, and unkindness with kindness.—Confucius.

Gossip uncovers a multitude of sins.—Chicago Daily News.

The careless man tries to win; the careful man tries not to lose.—Chicago Journal.

A fair-weather friend is one who refuses to lend you his umbrella.—Philadelphia Record.

The man who is satisfied with himself is not very well acquainted with—himself.—Puck.

History will show that the worst quarrels are between former friends and former lovers.—Atchison Globe.

Men who accomplish most never seem in a hurry, no matter how much they may have to do.—Chicago Daily News.

A dangerous sort of man is the kind who stands a great deal, and then explodes for all of his insults at once.—Atchison Globe.

New to Her.—"Do you play ping-pong, Miss Doodle?" "No, but I can give you 'The Maiden's Prayer.'"—Philadelphia Bulletin.

All Close.—Mrs. Towne—"Have you any close neighbors, dear?" Mrs. Subbubs—"Yes; they are close. So close that you couldn't borrow a flatiron or a cup of sugar to save your life."—Philadelphia Press.

Mrs. Styles—"Oh, Henry! I saw a beautiful thing at the milliner's this afternoon. It was a perfect dream." Mr. Styles—"Well, dear, you just dream that you bought it."—Boston Transcript.

A Laugh All 'Round.—"I suppose it would be laughable if we could 'see ourselves as others see us.'" "Yes, and it would be still more laughable to the others if they could see us as we see ourselves."—Philadelphia Press.


**1,213 BUS. ONIONS PER ACRE.**

Salzer's New Method of onion culture makes it possible to grow 1,200 and more bus. per acre. There is no vegetable that pays better. The Salzers annually distribute nearly one eighth of a million lbs. of onion seed, selling same at 60c. and up per lb.

**For 16c. and this Notice**

John A. Salzer Seed Co., LaCrosse, Wis., will mail you their mammoth catalog, together with 150 kinds of flower and vegetable seeds. Market-gardeners' list, 2c postage. K

Santa Fe

**Homeseekers' Excursions**

**California**

AND

**Great Southwest.**

**$33 from Chicago**
**$30 from St. Louis**
**$25 from Kansas City**

**One Way, second class, daily,** during March and April, to San Francisco, Los Angeles and other California points, also to Prescott, Phœnix and other Arizona points.

**One Fare plus $2 Round Trip**

March 4 and 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20. From Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City to Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona and **California.**

Corresponding rates from East generally. Ask your home agent. Through sleepers and chair cars to California over the Santa Fe, the comfortable and quick way to go. Write for free illustrated land pamphlets.

These Spring excursions will enable you to personally inspect the many advantages offered homeseekers and investors in the great Southwest and California. Particular attention is invited to irrigated lands in Arkansas Valley of Colorado, Pecos and Rio Grande valleys of New Mexico, Salt River Valley of Arizona, and San Joaquin Valley of California.

General Passenger Office
The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R'y System,
CHICAGO

**FREE** Waltham Watches, Chains, Gold Rings, Silver Ware, Stevens Rifles, Shot Guns, Cameras, or any other article you may desire, or liberal Cash Commission if you prefer, for distributing our Teas and Coffees among your friends. We pay freight. We give the most valuable premiums, and the best cash commissions. The superior quality of our Coffees and Teas makes regular customers from trial orders, insuring success to agents. Write to-day for premium list and terms giving full particulars. *Mention this paper.* J. A. ROSS & CO., 178 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

**PILES** ANAKESIS gives instant relief and POSITIVELY CURES PILES. For free sample address "ANAKESIS," Tribune building, New York.

**To Mothers** DON'T give the BABY Paregoric or injurious syrups to stop its crying when teething. Send to Henry C. Blair, 80 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., for Teething Necklace which prevents suffering. Price 50c; money refunded if not satisfactory.

**DROPSY** NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, ATLANTA, GA.


A. N. K.—C 1911

**WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.**

## Poor Indeed

are those weighed down by mental depression. Men rise in this world through buoyant nerve force.

The loss of this force daily drags down to failure some of the world's brightest minds. Such a condition is commonly known as Nervous Debility.

When you lose self-confidence and feel your strength, energy and nerve force are slipping away, it is high time you seek sensible aid.

You prefer health and success to misery and failure.

**Sex-ine Pills**

have no equal as a nerve restorer. A couple of boxes will dispel that heavy feeling; the unnatural weariness disappears and replaces languor with new force and vigor of body and brain. Six boxes will cure any ordinary case of nervous debility. If not, you get your money back.

$1.00 per box; 6 for $5.00, mailed in plain package. Book free. PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by R.C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa. 51

## Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

**Digests what you eat.**

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It prevents formation of gas on the stomach, relieving all distress after eating. Dieting unnecessary. Pleasant to take.

**It can't help but do you good**

Prepared only by E. C. DeWITT & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

Safe Sure Immediate — Red Cross — For Woman's Relief.

## Tansy Pills

$100 per box

Mailed to Any Address in Plain Packages.

Vin De Cinchona Co. 612 Locust St. DesMoines, Ia.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR THE RED CROSS BOOKLET. (MAILED FREE.)
MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT AS WE SAY

L. Taggart.

## Furniture.

Everything in stock that goes to make up a first-class Furniture Store. Will not be under sold by any one.

Carpets,
Oil-Cloth,
Linoleum,
Mattings.

UP IN QUALITY.
DOWN IN PRICE.

One of the best Sewing Machines in the world, sold here—the

**"Domestic."**

Undertaking in all its branches promptly attended to. You all know the place.

**GEO. J. LABAR,**

THE BIG BRICK STORE,
Cor Fourth and Chestnut St.
EMPORIUM, PA.

**Foley's Honey and Tar** for children, safe, sure. No opiates.


### Magic Color Pictures.

A glass of water and a sponge or brush act like a box of paints on the wonderful "Watergraphs," which will appear in next Sunday's Philadelphia Press. It's the cleverest novelty of the year. The pictures are printed apparently in black ink. You touch them with water, and in a second they become beautiful water color paintings. No skill is needed- Children can do it as well as grown folks. These "Watergraphs" are in addition to the mysterious magic pictures, which you rub over a blank space with a coin and a picture appears.

The great puzzle-man, Sam Loyd, is now on The Sunday Press staff of entertainers. He has a page each Sunday that will set you thinking and amuse you, too. Order next Sunday's Philadelphia Press of your newsdealer in advance. Then you'll be sure to get it.

tf

### Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting Borough Council, Emporium, April 7th, 1902. Present: Messrs. Marshall, Schweikart, Nelson, Balcom, Cummings, Howard. Absent: Messrs. Mankey, Housler, Murphy.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

On motion by Mr. Nelson, seconded by Mr. Schweikart, the following bills were ordered paid:

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Marys Gas Co., Gas for Feb and March, | | | | $34 05 |
| Murry & Coppersmith Co., Invoice | | | | 3 42 |
| Emporium Machine Co., Invoice | | | | 1 75 |
| Williamsport Electric Co., Invoice | | | | 2 63 |
| A. McAuley, Mgr., work on streets | | | | 2 75 |
| D. C. Hayes, work on streets | | | | 5 50 |
| W. F. Lloyd, Express paid | | | | 2 85 |
| John Montgomery, work on streets | | | | 3 75 |
| D. W. Shugart, | do | do | | 2 25 |
| Robt. Robinson, | do | do | | 5 88 |
| John Welsh, | do | do | | 1 13 |
| Thos. Cavanaugh, | do | do | | 1 13 |
| Kit Dalphy, | do | do | | 5 00 |
| Wm. Stephens, | do | do | | 3 00 |
| Alex Snyder, | do | do | | 90 |

The opinion of Messrs. Johnson & McNarney, Borough Atty's, in the matter of gates and flagmen at railroad crossings was received and ordered filed.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that Electric Light Committee be authorized to put double cross arms on electric light poles where the wire crosses railroad tracks; also a supporting cable if necessary. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that Electric Ligh committee be authorized to put supporting cables over electric light wires wherever necessary to protect telegraph or telephone wires. Carried.

The official bond of Almeron Chapman, Poormaster, was approved.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that all crossings rebuilt on Fourth street be rebuilt of stone. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that the Secretary be instructed to place in the hands of the proper officers for service upon the property owners, named in a list read by the secretary, which list was ordered filed, notices to build, rebuild or repair their sidewalks located in front of their respective properties situate in the Borough of Emporium, within 20 days after service of said notices or the said walks will be built, rebuilt or repaired as the case may be, by the Borough of Emporium, without further notice and 20 per cent will be added to the cost thereof, which cost of building, rebuilding or repairing and the said 20 per cent additional will be charged to and collected from their respective estates. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Schweikart, seconded by Mr. Howard, that Council examine streets Wednesday, p. m. April 9th, next. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that Electric Light Committee be authorized to reinforce engine bed. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Schweikart, that Messrs. Johnson & McNarney be elected Borough Solicitors for the ensuing year. Carried.

A message from the Burgess was received which appears elsewhere in this issue.

On motion the Council then adjourned until April 21st, inst.

C. JAY COODNOUGH, Sec'y.


## COLDS

**We Have Many Friends Here in Town Who Are Subject to Such Trouble.**

Colds if neglected lead to serious and often fatal consequences.

Do not go on living with the continual dread of catching cold. There is no need of it. People who take cold easily do so because their system is in just the condition to contract them.

We know of something that will quickly drive colds out of the system by invigorating the entire body. It is VINOL, the great tonic reconstructor, that contains all the active curative principles found in cod liver oil.

Here is one letter that we have had presented to us that we would like our friends to read:

"I have been suffering from a severe cold for a number of weeks, and having heard so much about VINOL as being a cure for such troubles, I decided to try it. Two bottles entirely cured me and I now feel in better health than ever before in my life. J. M. BROWN, 319 W. Mahanoy St., Mahanoy City, Penn."

Remember that if you do not find that VINOL is all that we claim for it we are always glad to refund to our customers the money that they pay us for it, which emphatically endorses Vinol.

**Old Reliable Drug Store.**


## BUILT A FILMY BRIDGE.

**The Way a Water Penned Spider Got Back to Dry Land.**

A gentleman who was fond of studying the habits of insects one day found a large spider near a pond. He took a long stick and put the spider on one end of it. He then went to the side of the pond and, stretching out as far as he could, fixed the other end in the bottom and left the stick standing straight up out of the water with the spider upon it. He then sat down on the bank to watch what the insect would do.

It first went down the stick till it came to the water; but, finding that there was no hope of getting off there, it returned to the top. It then went up and down the different sides of the stick, feeling and looking carefully, till it found there was no way of escape at any part. Then it went once more to the top and remained quiet for awhile, as if thinking what to do. After a short pause the insect began to spin a thread long enough to reach from the stick to the edge of the pond.

When this was done, it fastened one end of the thread to the top of the stick and let the rest of it float in the breeze. It waited till the wind stretched the thread out toward the side of the pond.

The insect then went crawling along the thread till it reached the end. After floating in the air a little while it alighted safely on the ground and scampered off to its home.

### Special Cars on Trains.

"The safest car in a railroad train," said a traveling man, "is one as near the center of the train as possible. I have observed it over and over, as I have been in several wrecks myself, and it is the first two coaches or the last coach which is usually derailed or smashed into kindling wood.

"Apropos of this, special cars are usually attached to the rear of the express train. This is the case when the president goes traveling, his special car being the last car on the train and consequently open to the full force of a rear end collision. It would be difficult to place the president's car, or any other special car for that matter, in the center of the train. The train would have to be divided, the car coupled in and the train made up again. Its presence in the center would interrupt the free passage from one end of the train to the other by passengers and trainmen and would be objectionable for other good and apparent reasons, principally upon the score of privacy."—Washington Post.

### The Luxury of Doing Good.

A magazine article on "The Luxury of Doing Good" quotes one or more writers to the effect that the impulse of benevolence is, in fact, a selfish one, because people please themselves by exercising the power of doing good. This kind of dissection of motives seems rather ungracious and unprofitable, as, although logic of course could very easily reason out the matter to the same conclusion, in actual life to take delight in benefiting others is not, as a rule, characteristic of selfish natures. If we have the means of doing good at little or no cost of sacrifice to ourselves, whether in money, influence or any other form of helpfulness, it may perhaps be truly said that we derive pleasure at a very cheap rate. But the vast majority of people can only do good at the cost of some little self denial, and in those cases we can only ascribe their actions to the simple qualities of kindness and good feeling.—Philadelphia Ledger.

### Nothing Left For Charity.

Curious things are done in the sacred name of charity. A woman got up a concert for a "worthy object," on the strength of which many persons bought tickets. After the concert the woman gave a champagne supper to the performers and some of her friends, which was paid for out of the proceeds of the concert, leaving nothing for the charity. "I felt it was only courteous to give the performers who had helped us so much something in return," explained the woman naively.—New York Press.

### Senatorial Repartee.

Once during a heated debate between Senator Joseph B. Foraker of Ohio and Senator Joseph W. Bailey of Texas the question of law in Texas and law in Ohio came up. The passage became warm. Foraker, by way of a parting shot, told Bailey that if he would come to Ohio he would learn a great deal of law that he did not know.

"If there is so very much law to be learned in Ohio," remarked Bailey, "I must advise the senator to spend all his spare time there. He needs it."

### A Bad Blunder.

Magazine Office Boy—Oh, there's been an awful time up in the editorial room today.

Business Manager—Eh! What's the trouble?

Office Boy—The janitor made a mistake and put the "No Admittance" sign at the subscription office and the "Welcome" doormat in frout of the editor's room.

### Forgiven.

Gladys—Edith says you are only making love to me out of revenge because she refused you.

Rupert—Pray tell her for me that revenge is so sweet I've forgiven the injury.—Judge.

### Neighborly.

Rusty Rufus—De lady in de next house give me a piece of homemade cake. Won't you give me somethin' too?

Mrs. Spiteful—Certainly! Here's a pepsin tablet.—Exchange.

Those who seek for something more than happiness in this world must not complain if happiness is not their portion.—Thomas Carlyle.

## ALL SORTS.

Foley's Honey and Tar contains no opiates, and will not constipate like nearly all other cough medicines. Refuse substitutes. L. Taggart.

Never appear something more than you are.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes kidneys and bladder right. Don't delay taking. L. Taggart.

Take time to consider and then decide positively.

Foley's Kidney Cure if taken in time affords security from all kidney and bladder diseases. L. Taggart.

Take wine from good soil, and a daughter from a good mother.

The surest and safest remedy for kidney and bladder diseases is Foley's Kidney Cure. L. Taggart.

### A Chattanooga Druggist's Statement.

Robt. J. Miller, Proprietor of the Read House Drug Store of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes: "There is more merit in Foley's Honey and Tar than in any other cough syrup. The calls for it multiply wonderfully and we sell more of it than all other cough syrups combined." L. Taggart.

Those who don't want to become old can hang themselves while young.

### Pneumonia is Robbed of Its Terrors.

By Foley's Honey and Tar. It stops the racking cough and heals and strengthens the lungs. If taken in time it will prevent an attack of pneumonia. Refuse substitutes. L. Taggart.

The man who can take an umbrella to church and leave it in the vestibule has true christian faith.

### Dreadful Attack of Whooping Cough.

Mrs. Ellen Harlison, of 300 Park Ave., Kansas City, Mo., writes as follows: "Our two children had a severe attack of whooping cough, one of them in the paroxysm of coughing would often faint and bleed at the nose. We tried everything we heard of without getting relief. We then called in our family doctor who prescribed Foley's Honey and Tar. With the very first dose they began to improve and we feel that it has saved their lives." Refuse substitutes. L. Taggart.

To live in hearts we leave behind is not to die.

### Neglect Means Danger.

Don't neglect billousness and constipation. Your health will suffer permanently if you do. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cure such cases. M. B. Smith, Butternut, Mich., says "DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the most satisfactory pills I ever took. Never gripe or cause nausea." R. C. Dodson.

Less judgment than wit, is more sail than ballast.

### Shot In His Left Leg.

For all kinds of sores, burns, bruises or other wounds DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is a sure cure. Skin diseases yield to it at once. Never fails in cases of piles. Cooling and healing. None genuine but DeWitt's. Beware of counterfeits "I suffered for many years from a sore caused by a gun shot wound in my left leg," says A. S. Fuller, English, Ind. "It would not heal and gave me much trouble. I used all kinds of remedies to no purpose until I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A few boxes completely cured me." R. C. Dodson.

Corscience is the voice of the soul; the passions are the voice of the body.

### Saved Many A Time.

Don't neglect coughs and colds even if it is spring. Such cases often result seriously at this season just because people are careless. A dose of One Minute Cough Cure will remove all danger. Absolutely safe. Acts at once. Sure cure for coughs, colds, croup, grip, bronchitis, and other throat and lung troubles "I have used One Minute Cough Cure several years," says Postmaster C. O. Dawson, Barr, Ill. "It is the very best cough medicine on the market. It has saved me many a severe spell of sickness and I warmly recommend it. "The children's favorite. R. C. Dodson.

All colors will agree in the dark.

### Wants To Help Others.

"I had stomach trouble all my life," "says Edw. Mehler, proprietor of the Union Bottling Works, Erie, Pa., "and tried all kinds of remedies, went to several doctors and spent considerable money trying to get a moment's peace. Finally I read of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and have been taking it to my great satisfaction. I never found its equal for stomach stomach trouble and gladly recommend it in hope that I may help other sufferers." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. You dont't have to diet. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. R. C. Dodson.

To give and to lose is nothing; but to lose and to give still is the part of a great mind.

### Beauty And Strength

Are desirable. You are strong and vigorous, when your blood is pure. Many—nay most—women, fail to properly digest their food, and so become pale, sallow, thin and weak, while the brightness, freshness and beauty of the skin and complexion, depart. Remedy this unpleasant evil, by eating nourishing food, and taking a small dose of Herbine after each meal, to digest what you have eaten. 50c at L. Taggart's.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F. F. CURES } COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
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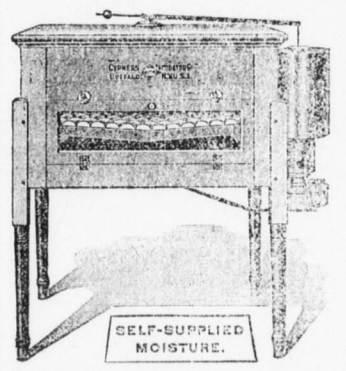


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